Carbon Monitoring, Verification and Reporting

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Background: acronyms

-) MRV
 - Measurement, Reporting, Verification
- > REDD/REDD+
 - Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation
 - > Plus (+) ... carbon sequestration and social/ecological co-benefits
 - ... carbon fluxes plus social and ecological co-benefits

What's driving the need for an MRV

- Forest carbon is risky business
 - Permanence and leakage
 - Robust and accurate measurements
- Need for assurances
 - Real and permanent carbon mitigation
 - Consistent, transparent and institutionalized

MRV Approaches: Ad hoc or Standardized?

- Accepted and standard MRV approach "pieces"
 - Combination of remote sensing and ground-based measurements
 - > IPCC Tiered approach to forest biomass/carbon
 - Dasic Measurement/Monitoring Protocol and Guidelines
 - > IPCC GPG-LULUCF (2003)
 -) AFOLU (2006)

MRV Approaches: Ad hoc or Standardized?

- MRV tools and technologies -> no single turn-key approach
 - > Remote sensing data and analysis
 - Optical data, radar data, lidar data
 - \rightarrow Discrete classification \leftarrow \rightarrow Continuous fields classification
 - > Scaling up ground-based measurements with remote sensing data

MRV Approaches: Ad hoc or Standardized?

Document, implement and report a project MRV approach and results

or ...

Build an integrated, flexible and transparent system using Internet and geospatial tools and technologies

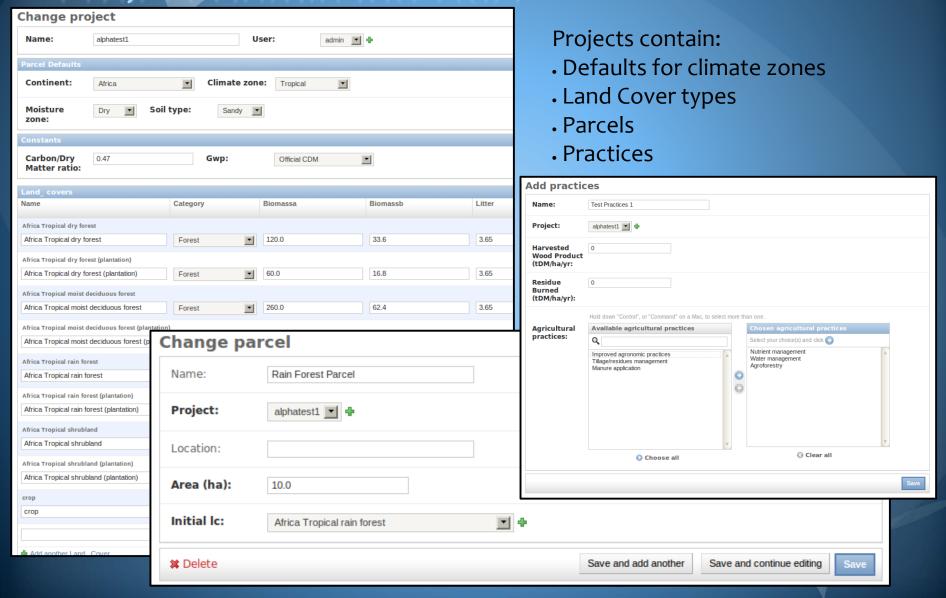
GOES MRV System

- Uses best practices and standard protocols
 - Robust and accurate (peer reviewed) remote sensing techniques
 - > IPCC Tiered approach to biomass/carbon estimates
 - > Multi-resolution integrated data: ground-based → very high resolution satellite data → medium resolution (large area) satellite data
- All forest carbon types
 - Intact forest and woodlands (deforestation/degradation)
 - Small-holder plantations and agroforestry (trees on farm)
- Integrated Internet-based technologies
 - > Web-GIS, Database-driven, Google maps → mash-up
 - Visualization and reporting functionality
- Scalable from project level to national/regional level

Landscape indicators of carbon benefits

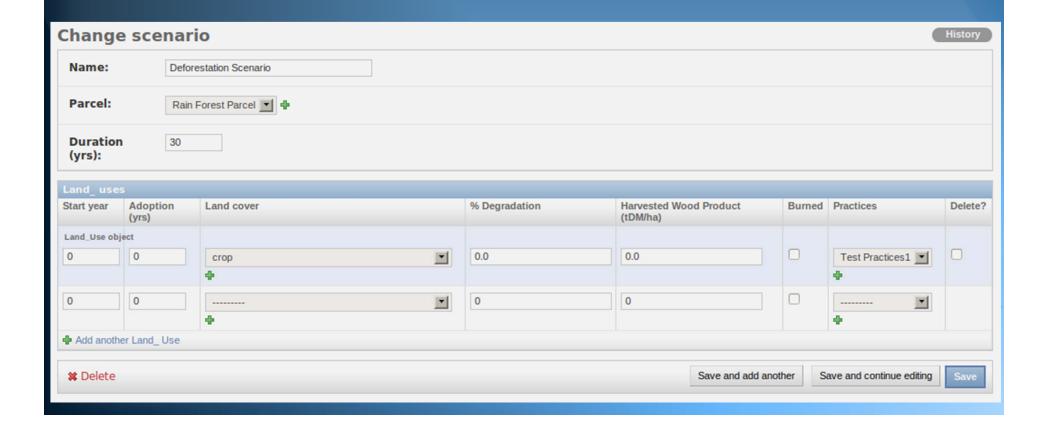
CBP Forest Carbon Module	Result	Core Indicators		
Module 1 – Ex Ante Calculator	Estimate of future sequestration	tCO ₂ e to be sequestered tCO ₂ e emissions to be reduced		
	Estimate of future reduced emissions			
Module 2 – Trees Outside Forests	Increased tree cover on non- forest land remaining as non- forest land	Changes in hectares with increasing canopy cover but still below forest threshold		
	Enhanced carbon stocks on non- forest land	tCO₂e sequestered		
	Cost effectiveness	tCO ₂ e sequestered /\$ invested		
Module 3 – Afforestation / Reforestation	Afforestation of non-forest land	Changes in hectares of non- forest land become forest land		
	Enhanced carbon stocks on land not previously forest	tCO₂e sequestered		
	Reforestation of degraded forest land	Changes in hectares of degraded forest land becoming fully stocked forest land		
	Enhanced carbon stocks on degraded forest land	tCO ₂ e sequestered		
	Cost effectiveness	tCO ₂ e sequestered /\$ invested		
Module 4 – Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Degradation	Reduced deforestation Changes in hectares of loss of natural forest cover			
	Reduced degradation	Changes in hectares of forest degradation		
	Reduced emissions from degradation and deforestation	tCO ₂ e emissions reduced		
	Enhanced forest carbon stocks	tCO ₂ e sequestered		
	Cost effectiveness	tCO ₂ e avoided / \$ invested		
Module 5 – Landscape Indicators of Carbon Benefits	Evaluation of land cover change	Land cover index		
	Evaluation of trees outside forests	Tree crown area index		
	Evaluation of carbon stock change	Carbon stock index		
	Evaluation of forest fire occurrences	Fire risk index		
	Evaluation of land cover change near high slopes or rivers	Watershed index		
	Evaluation of Climate, Community, Biodiversity Alliance standards	Social, economic and biodiversity index		

Project Admin Interface



Deforestation Scenario Example

- 30-year scenario on 'Rain Forest Parcel'
- Converted to annual crop at year o
 - Practices performed annually for life of scenario

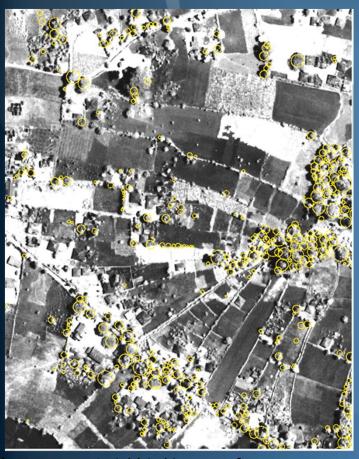


Deforestation Scenario Results

- Carbon stock pools created annually
- Carbon moved between pools, not removed/added

Sel	ect carbon pools to change	9							Add carbon pools +	
Action: Go 0 of 31 selected										
	Scenario	Year 🛆	Getbiomass	Getdeadcarbon	Getsoil	Getatmcarbon	Getatmch4	Getatmn2o	Getharvested	
	Deforestation Scenario	0	4247.0	36.5	310.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	1	400.0	0	314.5	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	2	400.0	0	319.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	3	400.0	0	323.5	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	4	400.0	0	328.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	5	400.0	0	332.5	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	6	400.0	0	337.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	7	400.0	0	341.5	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	8	400.0	0	346.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	9	400.0	0	350.5	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	10	400.0	0	355.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	11	400.0	0	359.5	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	12	400.0	0	364.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	13	400.0	0	368.5	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	14	400.0	0	373.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	15	400.0	0	377.5	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	16	400.0	0	382.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	17	400.0	0	386.5	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	18	400.0	0	391.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	19	400.0	0	395.5	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	20	400.0	0	400.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	21	400.0	0	400.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Deforestation Scenario	22	400.0	0	400.0	4283.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Module 2: Trees Outside Forest



o.6 m PAN Quickbird image of Western Kenya)

- Identify and measure individual trees in nonforest land cover including trees on farms, trees outside forest, grasslands, settlements, etc
- Requires fine resolution (<1m) satellite imagery (Quickbird, Worldview, etc)
- Requires modified allometry to relate crown attributes (crown projection area, crown diameter) to stem DBH or directly to AGB
- Map carbon in all trees within area of interest

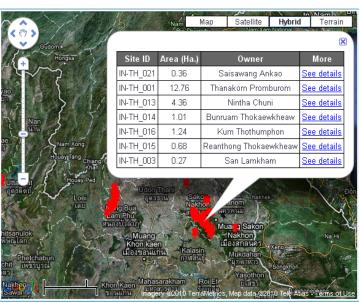




Module 3: Afforestation and Reforestation

Small Scale Agroforestry Development in Thailand

This is the Carbon2Markets registry and management page for the Thailand small-holder agroforestry carbon sequestration project. The map below shows the current registered project areas. Use the map navigation tools and links to access more detailed site information.





The pins indicate the small-holder teak areas registered in this project. They are replaced by polygons at closer zoom levels. Click on a polygon to view owner and area information and to access a link to more detailed data on any particular site. Use the pull down list to search by Owner or Project ID

Search project information by:

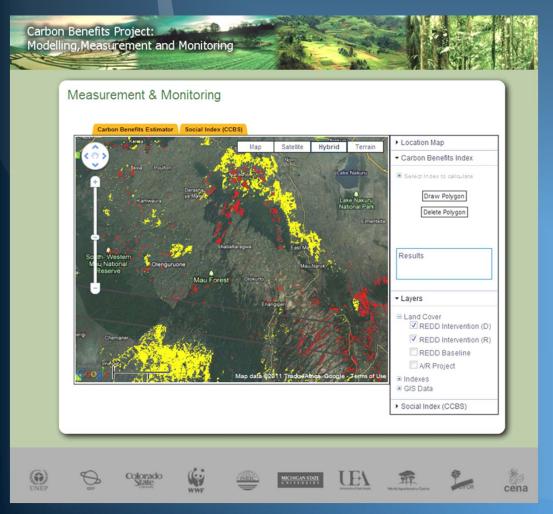
Location Thailand, SE Asia Number of registered agroforestry areas: 114 Number of participating small-holders 89 Total registered area (hectares) 284.67 Number of sample plots: 170 Baseline carbon stock(tOZe) - 2009 44,808 Estimated annual sequestration rate (tCOZe/ha/yr): 10.62 Estimated total carbon sequestration - 15 years (tCOZe): 46,348



- GIS for project boundaries
- Fine resolution (<1m) imagery for monitoring tree survival and growth
- Field sampling to determine biomass growth rates
- Online data management system to allow project participants to upload inventory data
- System uses inventory data to perform carbon calculations to show carbon sequestration in each forest stand and total project

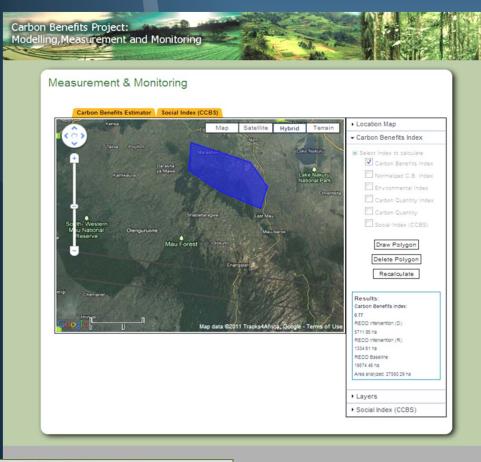


Module 4: Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Degradation



- Identify and measure extent of forest land cover using 30 m Landsat imagery
- Determine deforestation rates using historical Landsat imagery
- Apply biomass to forest types using IPCC default values, national inventory data, or field sampling data specific to the project area
- Downscale forest biomass using fractional cover or disturbance index for degradation estimates
- Map carbon emissions in forest land cover change areas

Module 5: Indicators of Landscape Carbon Benefits



- Land Cover Change Index
 - deforestation or degradation
- Carbon Stock Index
 - deforestation with carbon density
- Fire Risk Index
 - fire occurrence in or near project area using MODIS data
- Environmental Index
 - deforestation with topography and watershed attributes
- Social and Biodiversity Index
 - Self assessment using CCBA standard metrics















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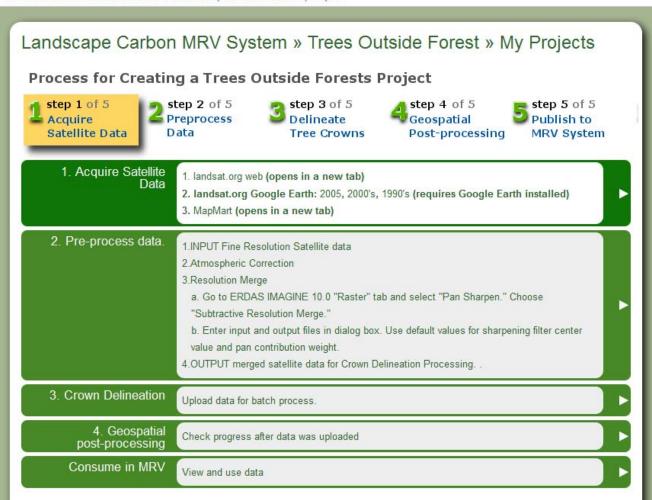
You are logged as: oscar_

neral Information				
Name of the Project:				
Project Manager:				
Project Manager email address:				
Project Manager Telephone Number:				
Project Location (Country(s)):				
Project Type:		•		
Size:		•		
	Create Project			

Start a Project



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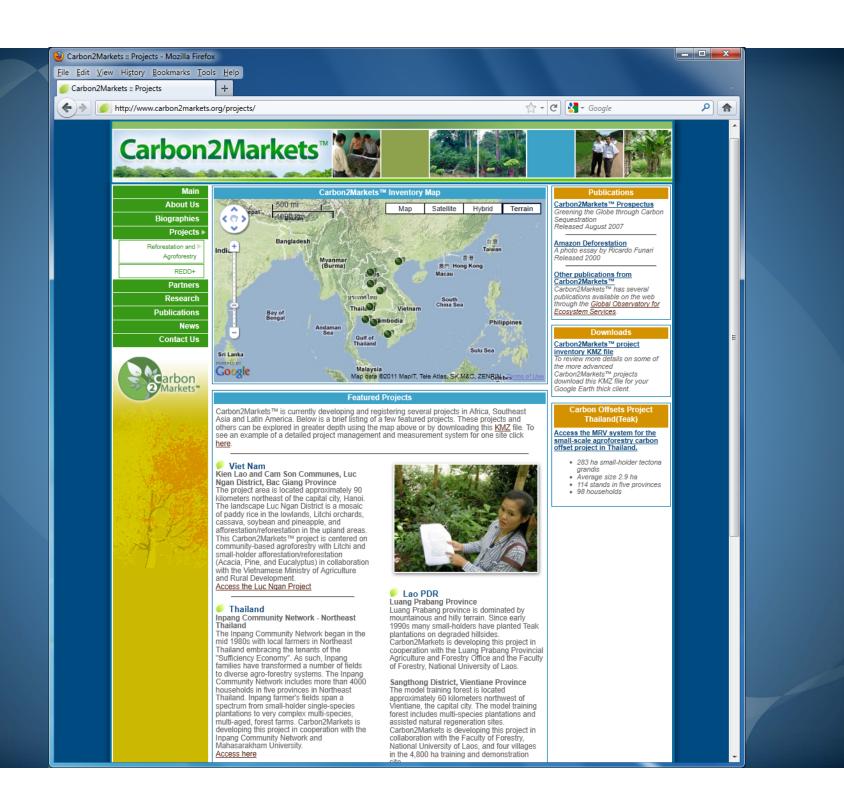


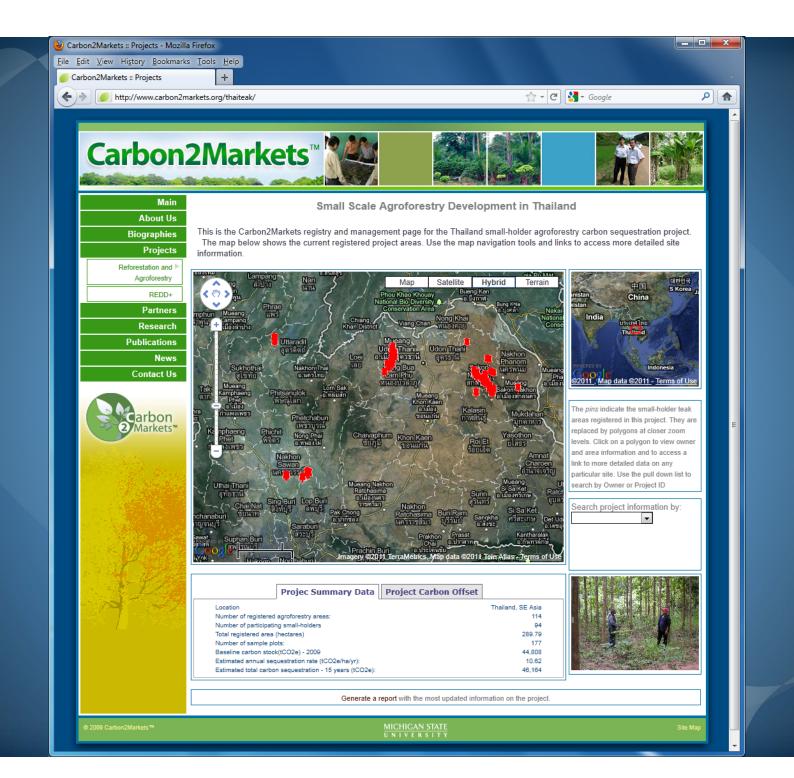
Work on Your Project

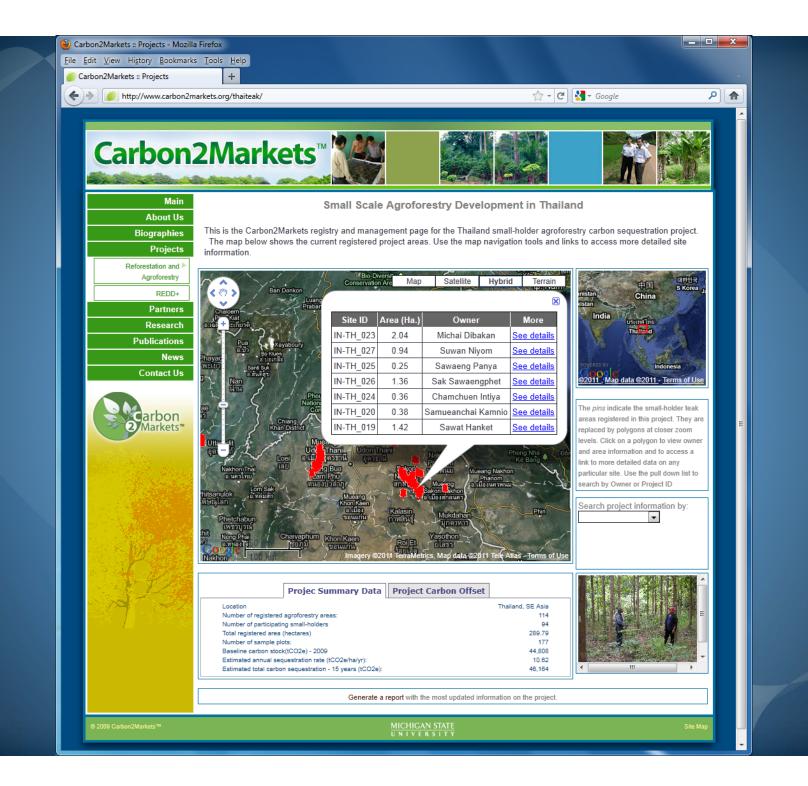


A/R & Small-holder Plantations

Thailand: small-holder teak







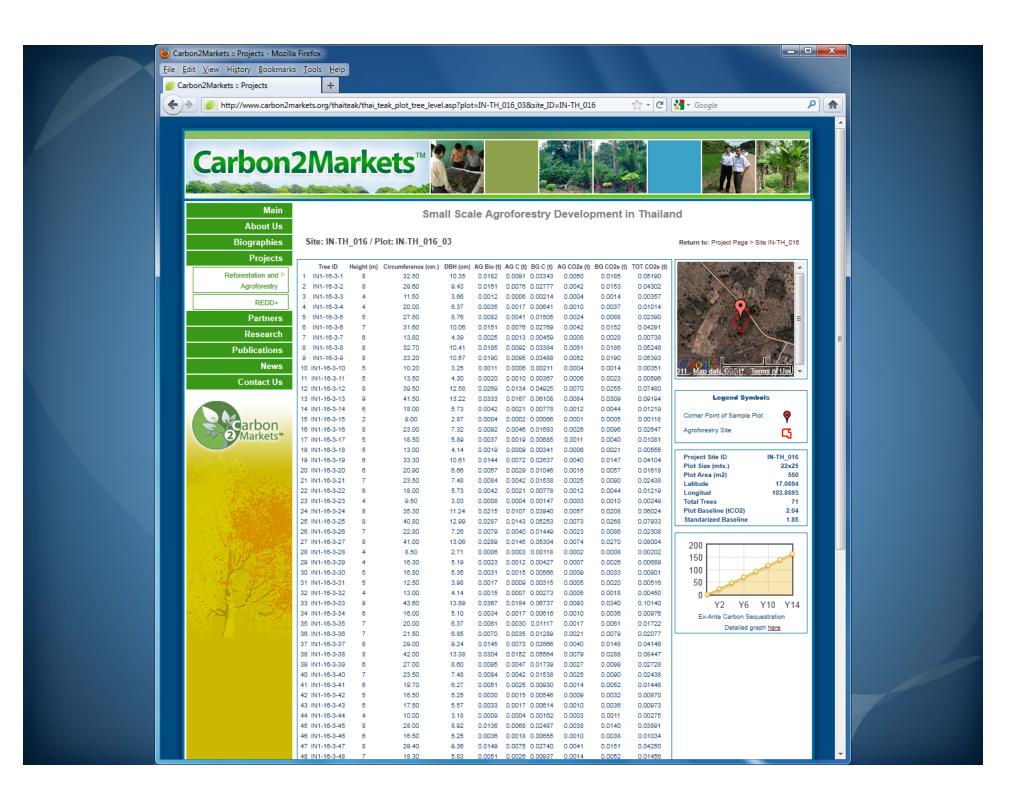


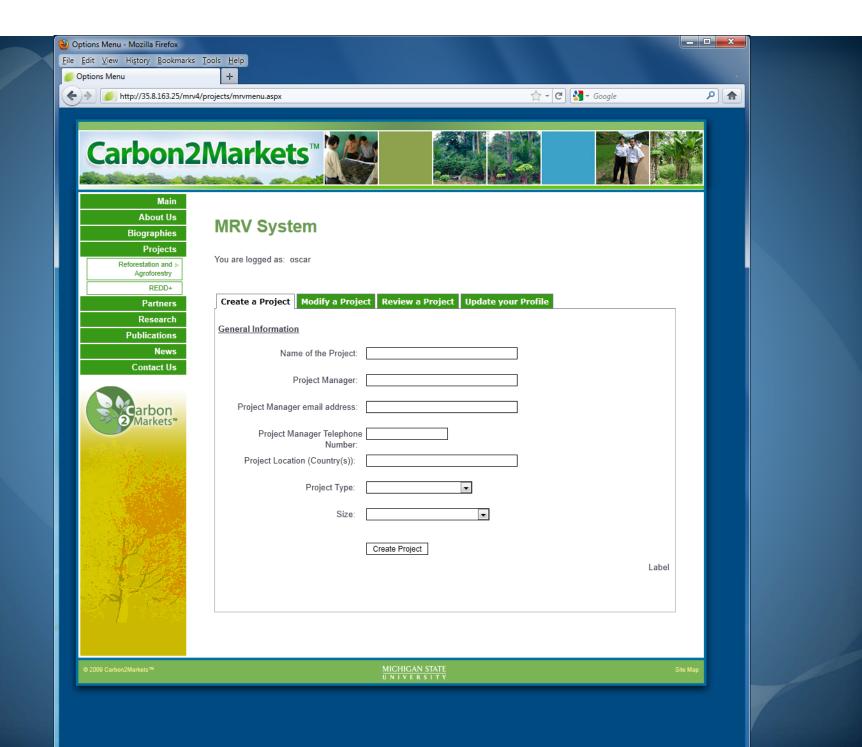


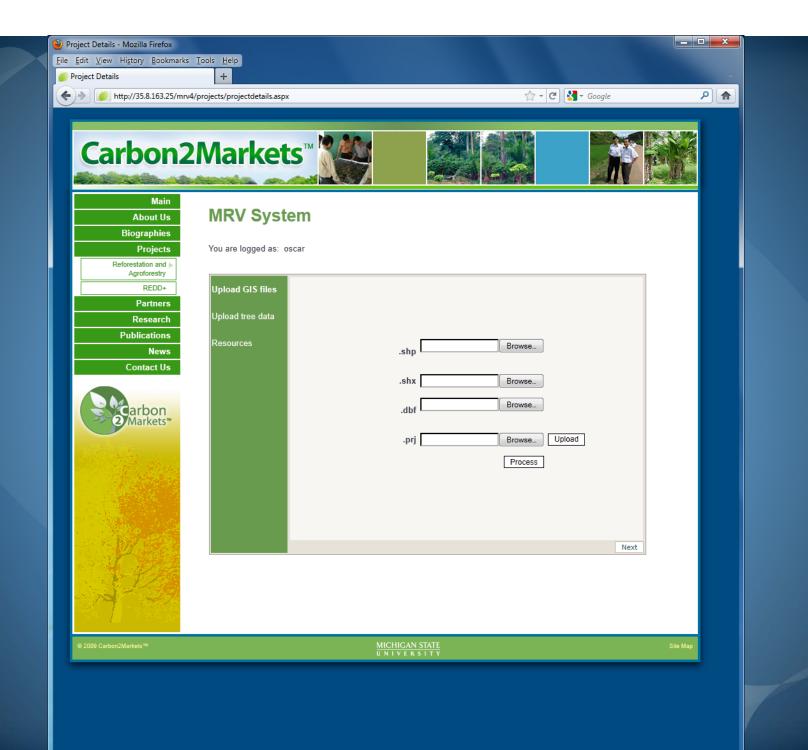


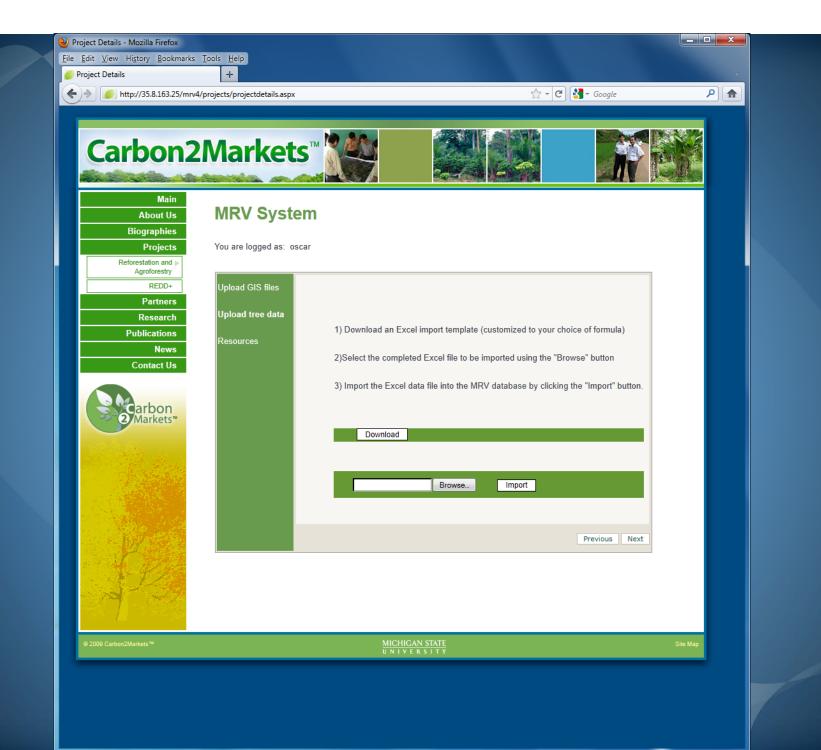


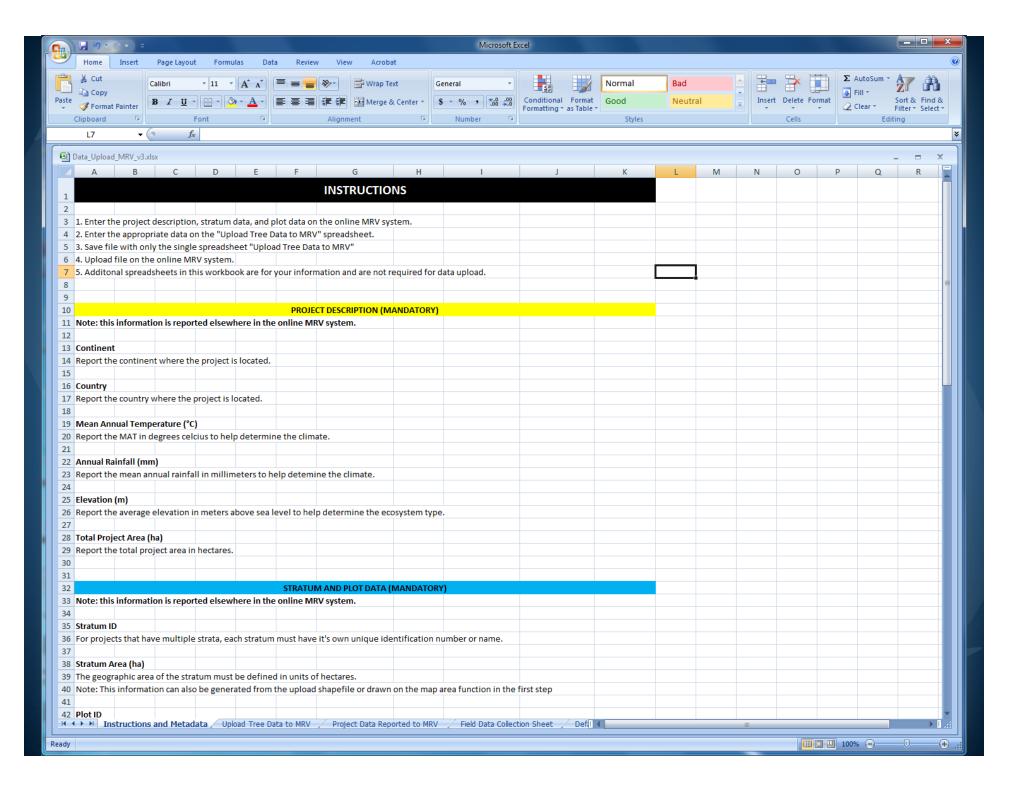


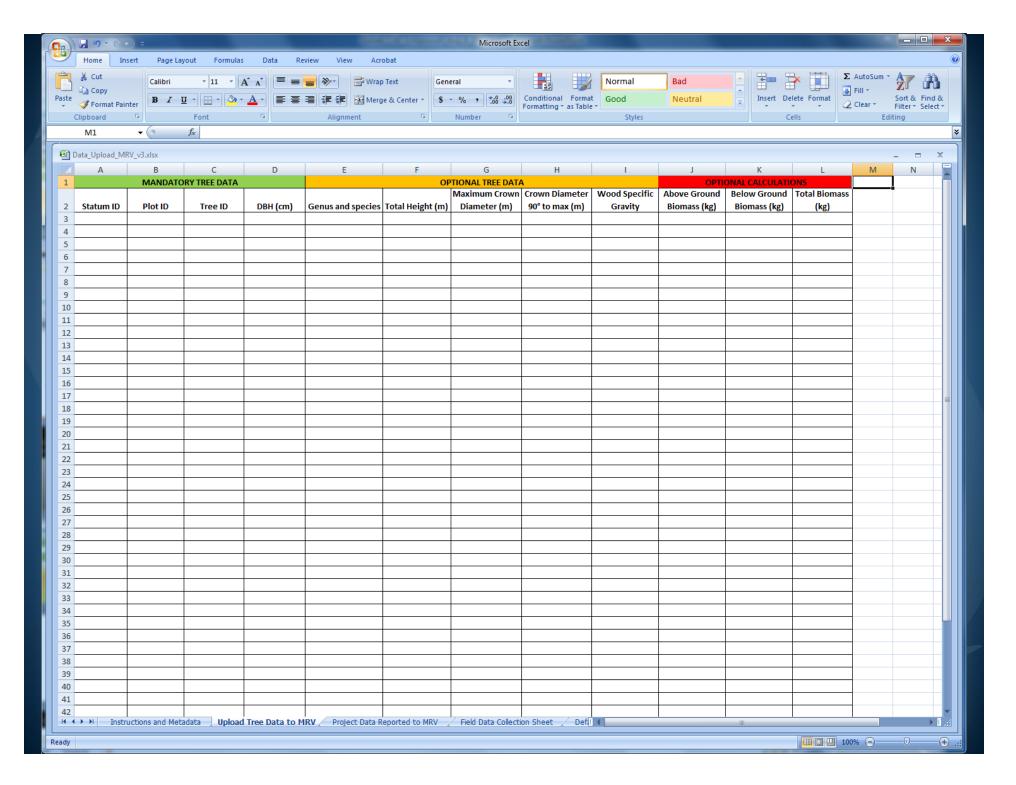


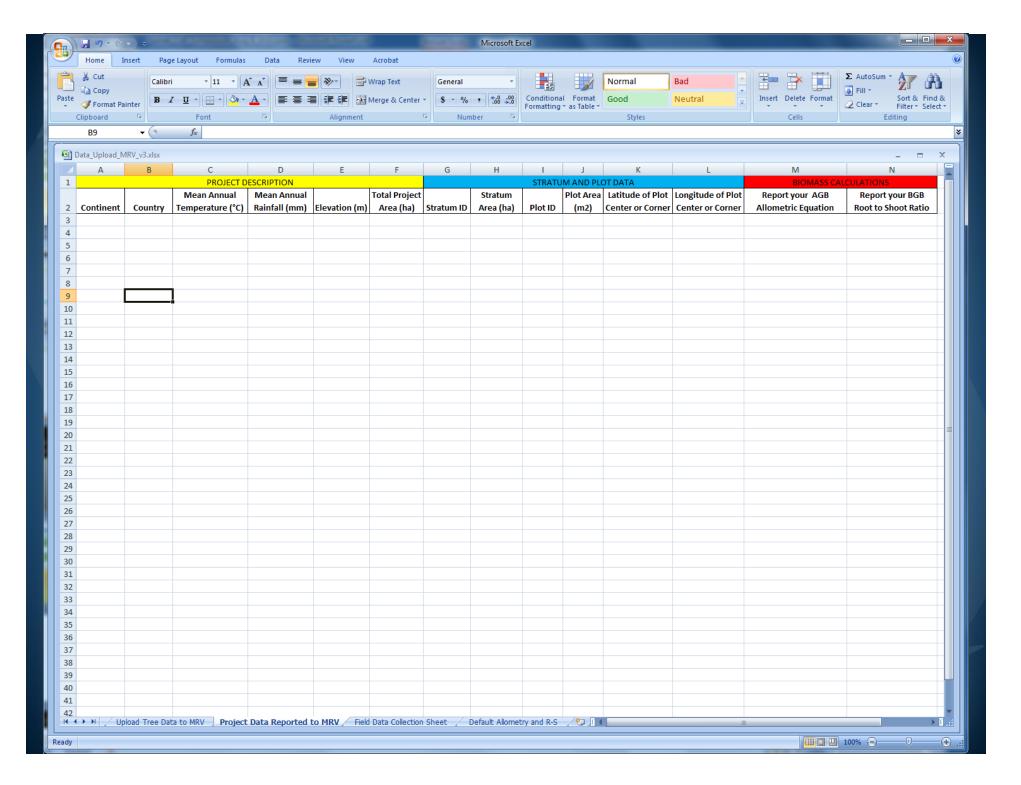


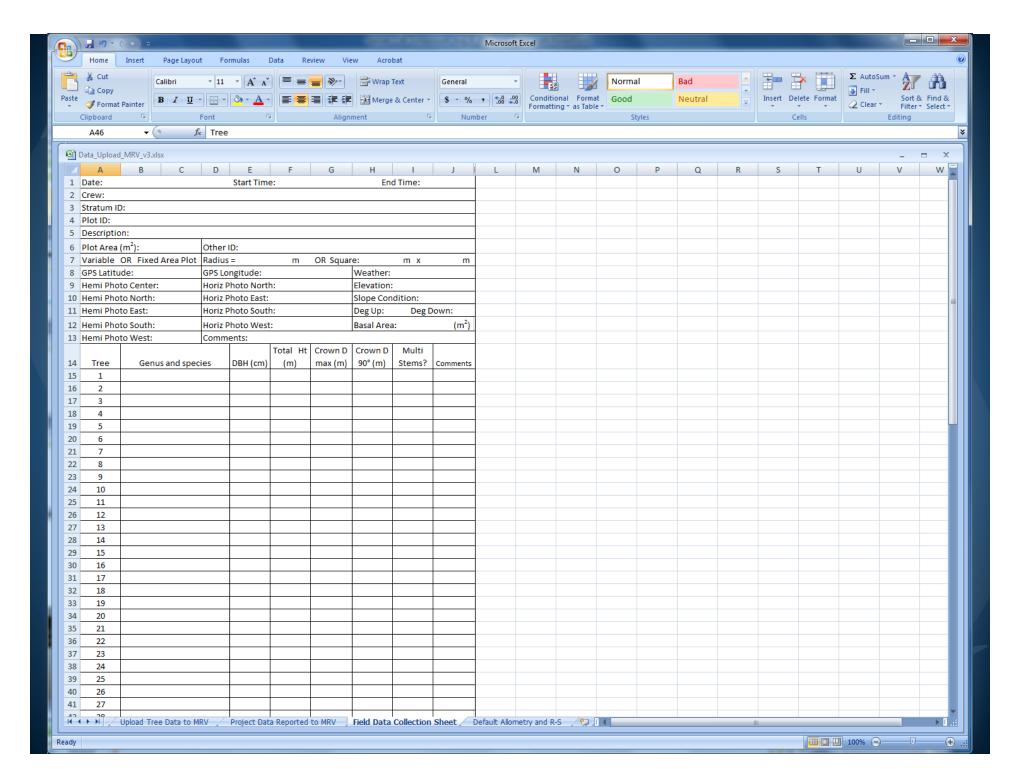


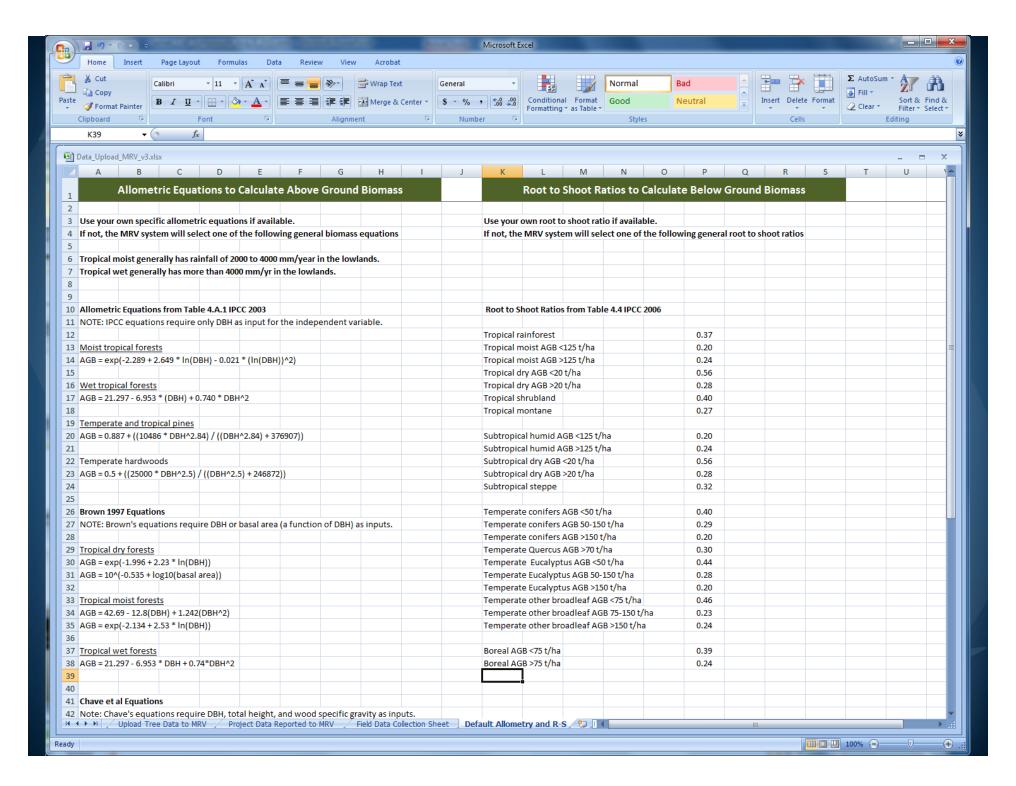






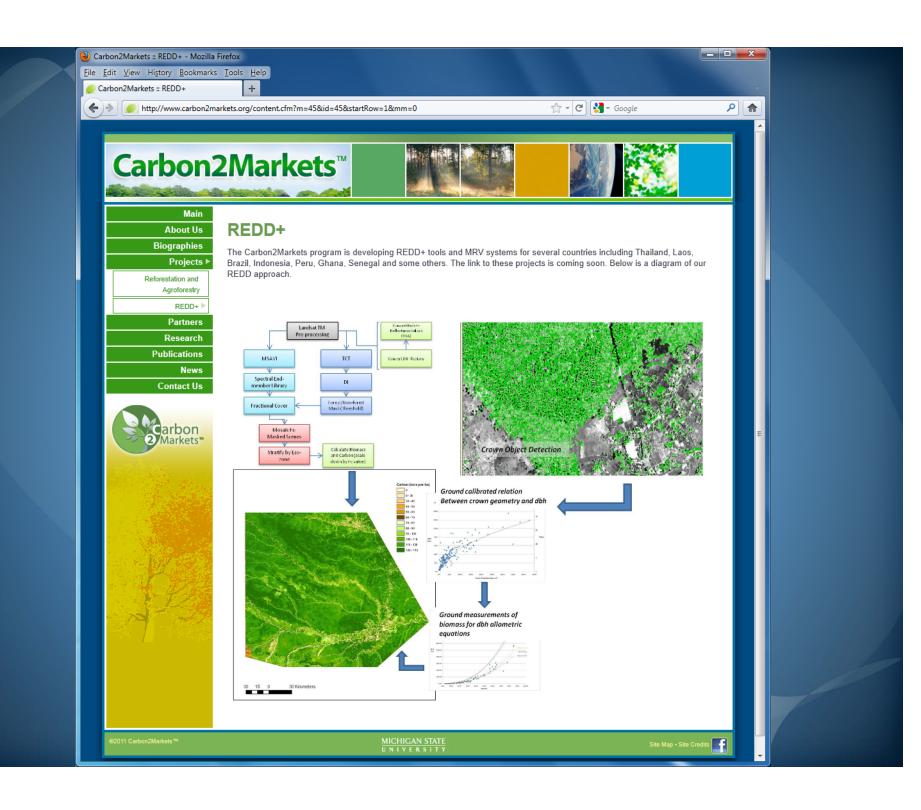


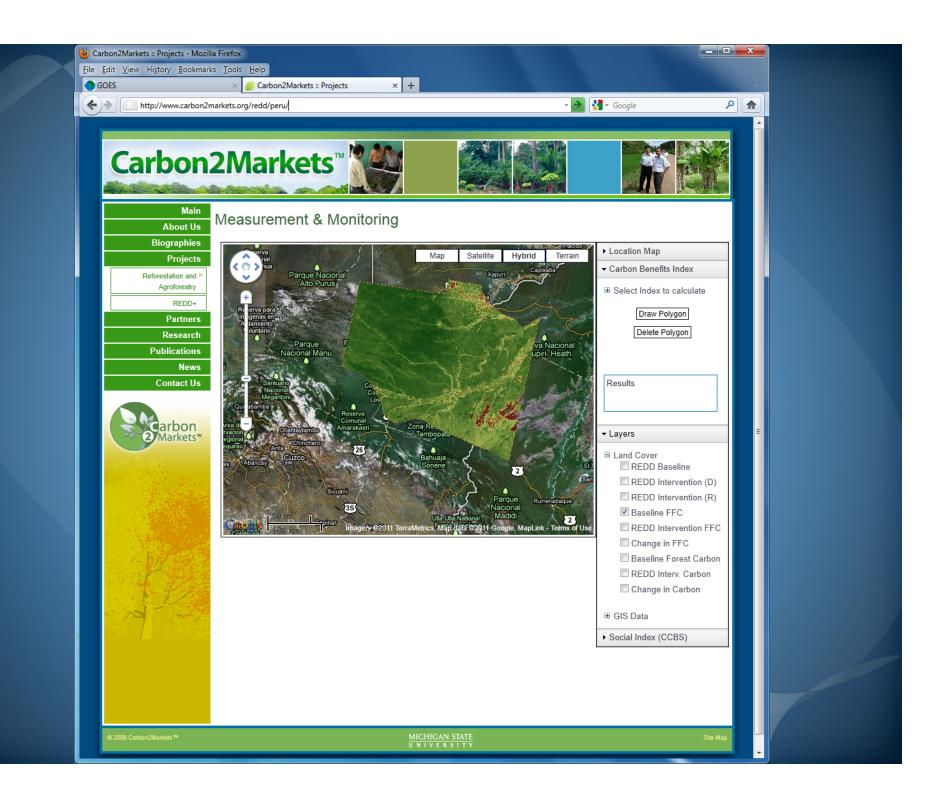


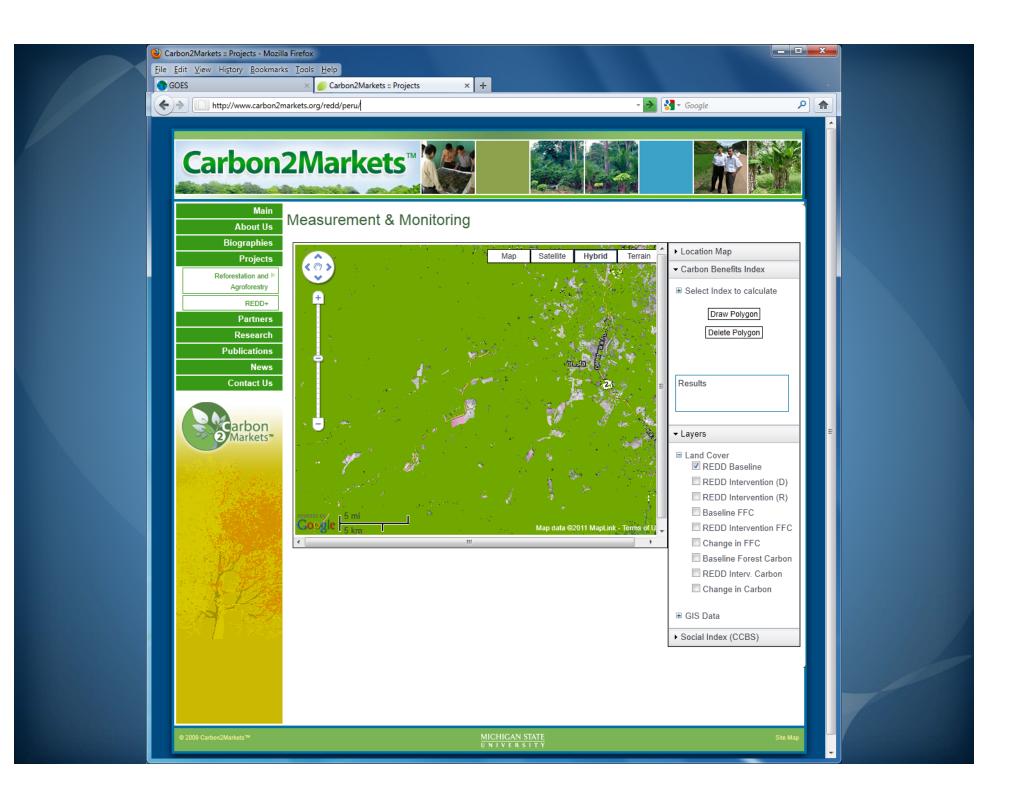


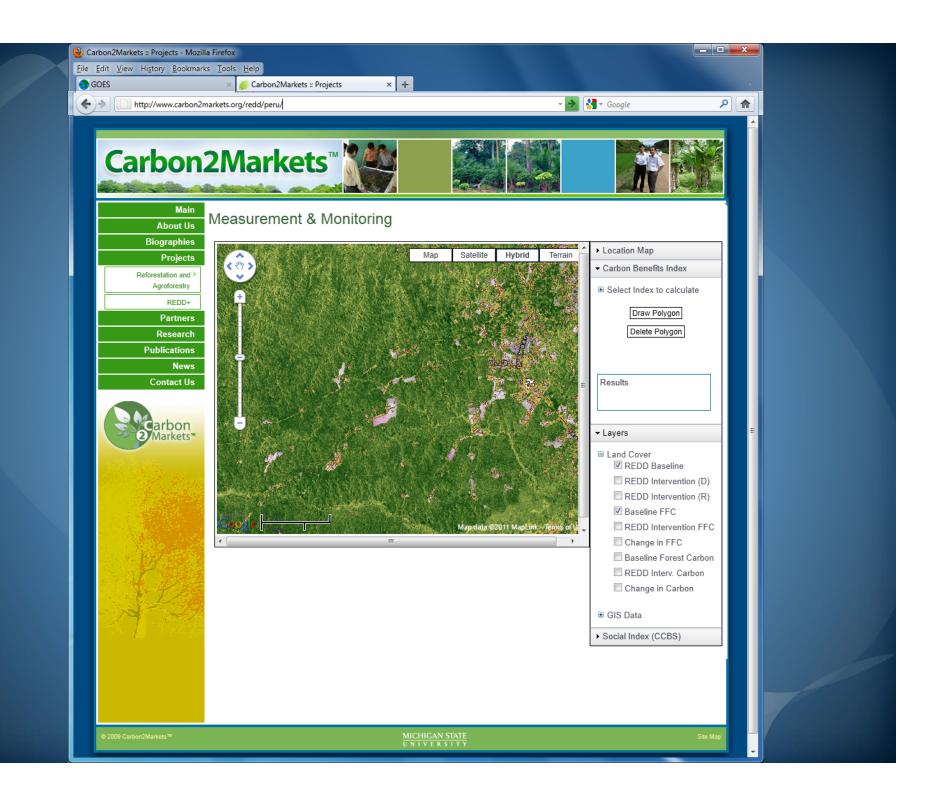
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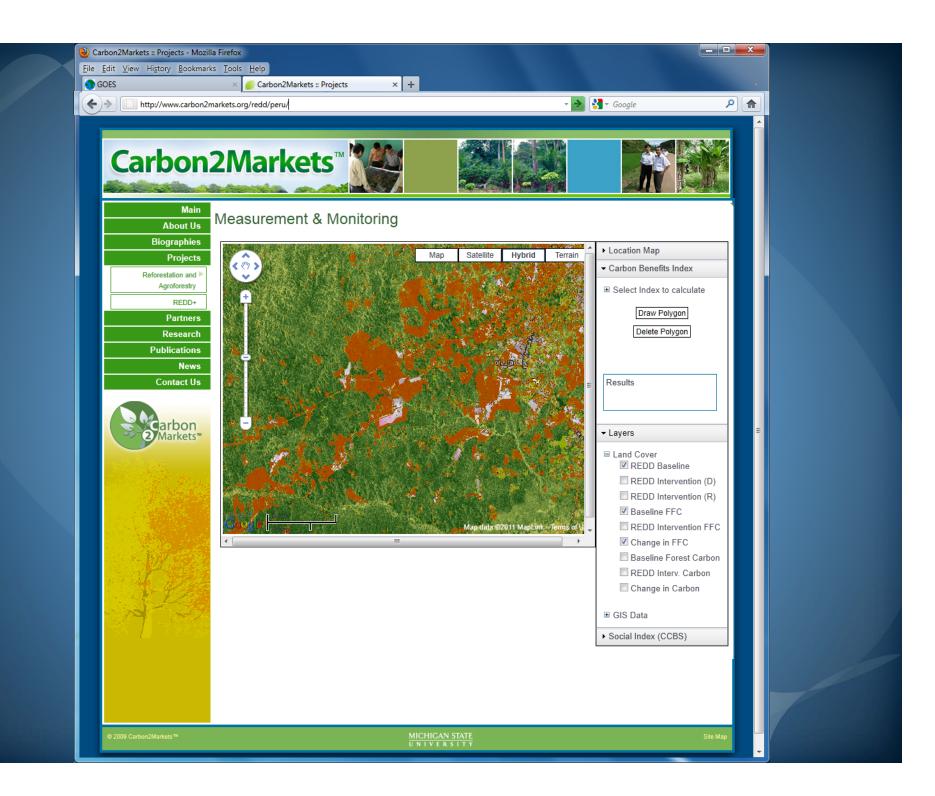
Peru case study













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Thank You

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