



# Land Products from the Suomi NPP VIIRS Instrument

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*National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)*

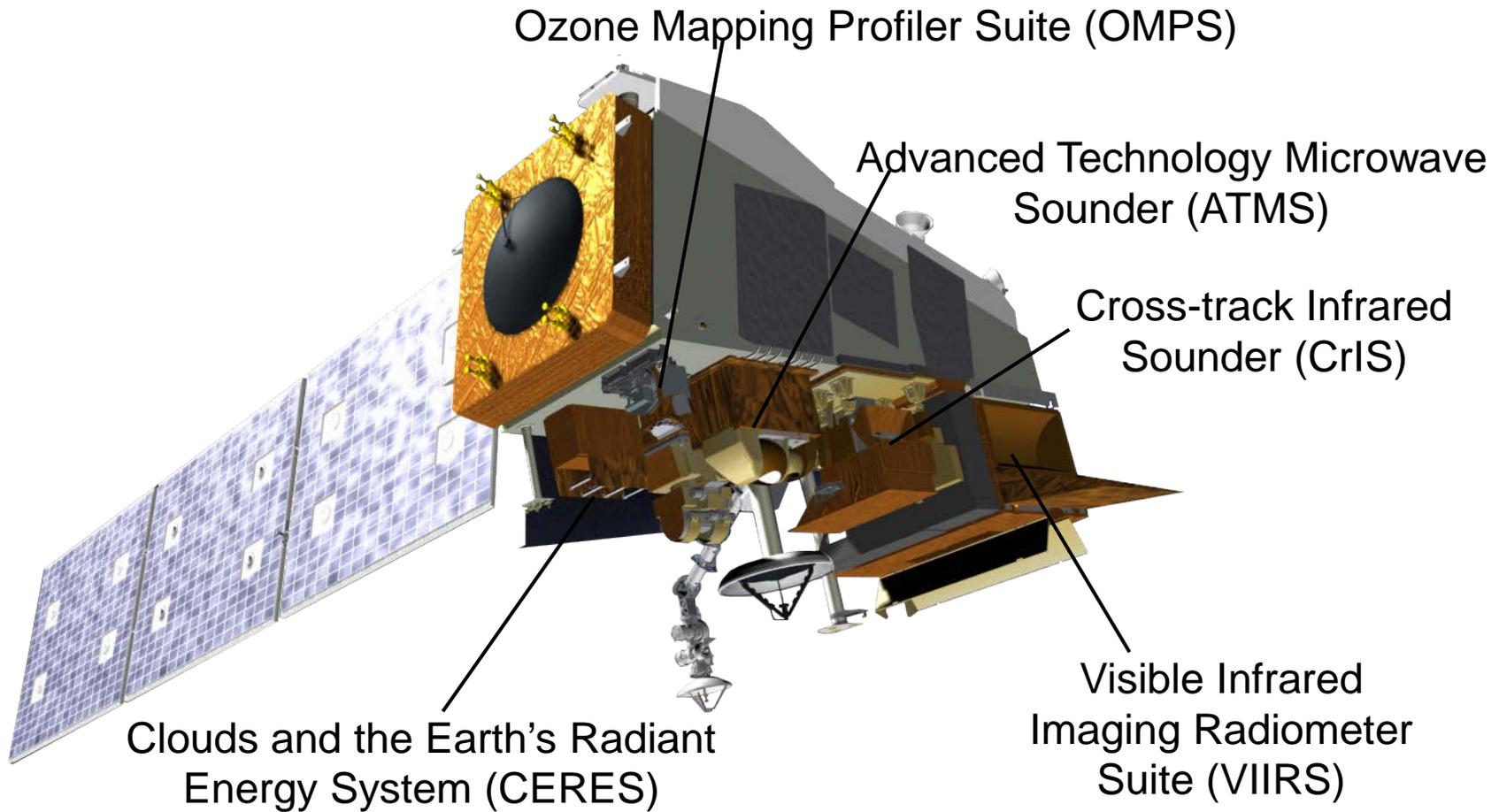
*National Environmental Satellite Data and Information System (NESDIS)*

*Center for Satellite Applications and Research (STAR)*

***NOAA JPSS Land Calibration and Validation Team***

***NASA SNPP VIIRS Land Discipline Team***

# JPSS Spacecraft







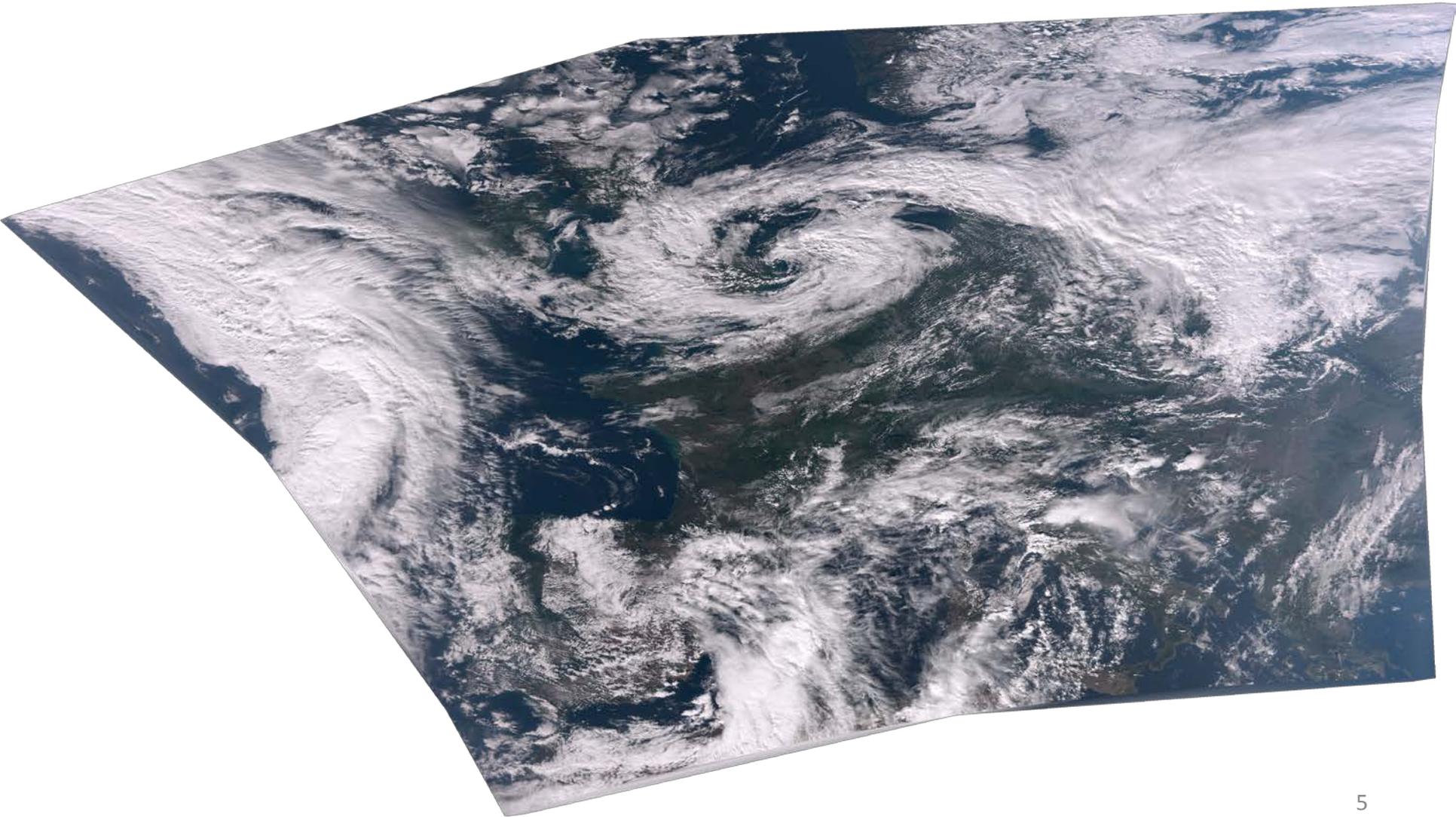
# VIIRS and heritage imagers



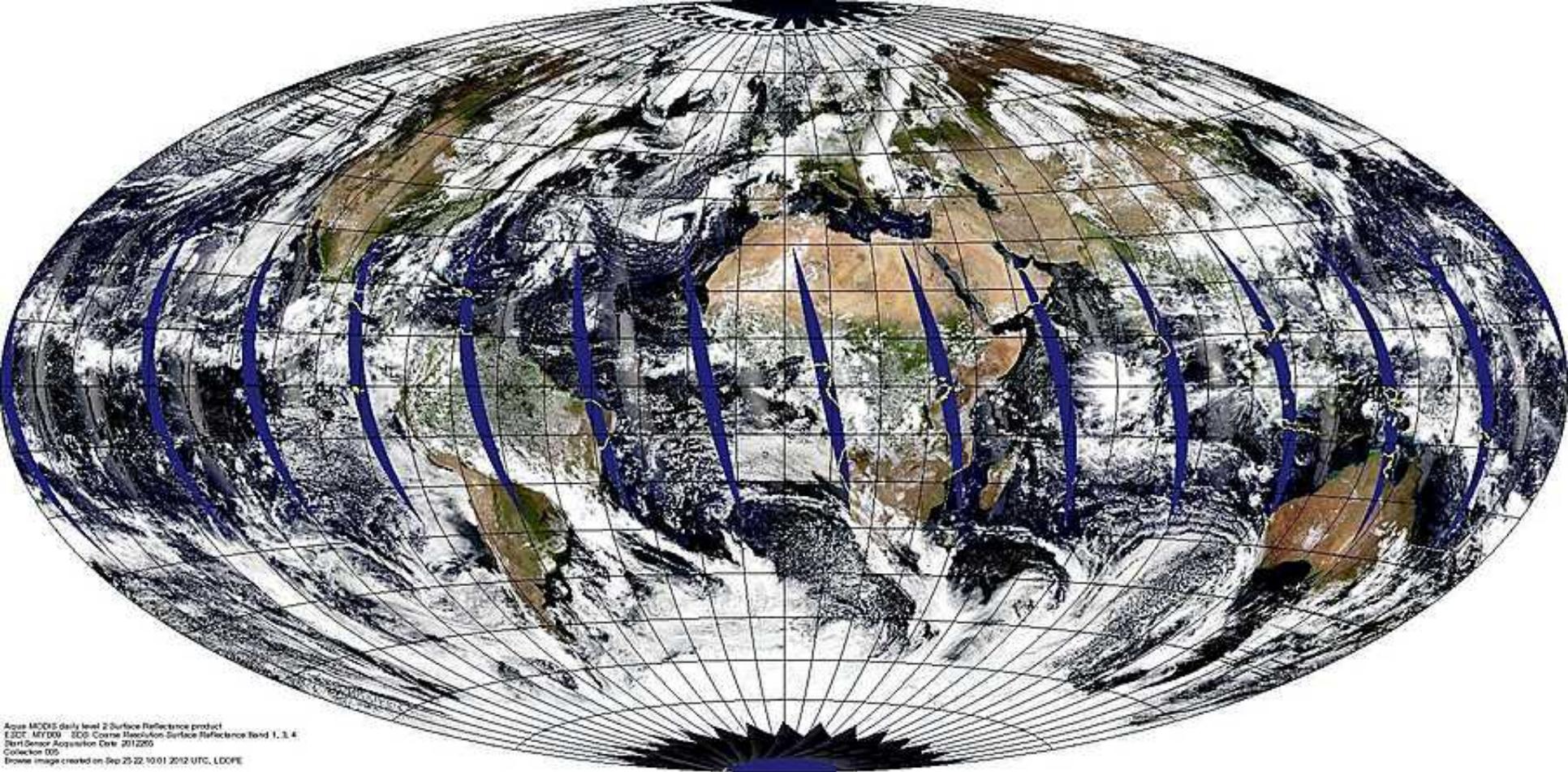
| VIIRS |                 |         | MODIS Equivalent |                 |      | AVHRR-3 Equivalent     |                 |      | OLS Equivalent       |                 |          |
|-------|-----------------|---------|------------------|-----------------|------|------------------------|-----------------|------|----------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Band  | Range (um)      | HSR (m) | Band             | Range           | HSR  | Band                   | Range           | HSR  | Band                 | Range           | HSR      |
| DNB   | 0.500 - 0.900   | 750     | NONE             |                 |      | Low light capabilities |                 |      | HRD                  | 0.580 - 0.910   | 550 2700 |
| M1    | 0.402 - 0.422   | 750     | 8                | 0.405 - 0.420   | 1000 | NONE                   |                 |      | PMT                  | 0.510 - 0.860   |          |
| M2    | 0.436 - 0.454   | 750     | 9                | 0.438 - 0.448   | 1000 |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
| M3    | 0.478 - 0.498   | 750     | 3                | 0.459 - 0.479   | 500  |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
|       |                 |         | 10               | 0.483 - 0.493   | 1000 |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
| M4    | 0.545 - 0.565   | 750     | 4                | 0.545 - 0.565   | 500  |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
|       |                 |         | 12               | 0.546 - 0.556   | 1000 |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
| I1    | 0.600 - 0.680   | 375     | 1                | 0.620 - 0.670   | 250  | 1                      | 0.572 - 0.703   | 1100 | Imagery              |                 |          |
| M5    | 0.662 - 0.682   | 750     | 13               | 0.662 - 0.672   | 1000 | 1                      | 0.572 - 0.703   | 1100 | Ocean Color, Aerosol |                 |          |
|       |                 |         | 14               | 0.673 - 0.683   | 1000 |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
| M6    | 0.739 - 0.754   | 750     | 15               | 0.743 - 0.753   | 1000 | NONE                   |                 |      | Atm Correction       |                 |          |
| I2    | 0.846 - 0.885   | 375     | 2                | 0.841 - 0.876   | 250  | 2                      | 0.720 - 1.000   | 1100 | NDVI                 |                 |          |
| M7    | 0.846 - 0.885   | 750     | 16               | 0.862 - 0.877   | 1000 | 2                      | 0.720 - 1.000   | 1100 | Ocean Color, Aerosol |                 |          |
| M8    | 1.230 - 1.250   | 750     | 5                | SAME            | 500  | NONE                   |                 |      | Cloud Particle Size  |                 |          |
| M9    | 1.371 - 1.386   | 750     | 26               | 1.360 - 1.390   | 1000 |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
| I3    | 1.580 - 1.640   | 375     | 6                | 1.628 - 1.652   | 500  |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
| M10   | 1.580 - 1.640   | 750     | 6                | 1.628 - 1.652   | 500  |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
| M11   | 2.225 - 2.275   | 750     | 7                | 2.105 - 2.155   | 500  | 3a                     | SAME            | 1100 | Snow Fraction        |                 |          |
| I4    | 3.550 - 3.930   | 375     | 20               | 3.660 - 3.840   | 1000 | NONE                   |                 |      | Cloud                |                 |          |
| M12   | 3.660 - 3.840   | 750     | 20               | SAME            | 1000 | 3b                     | SAME            | 1100 | Imagery, Clouds      |                 |          |
| M13   | 3.973 - 4.128   | 750     | 21               | 3.929 - 3.989   | 1000 | 3b                     | 3.550 - 3.930   | 1100 | SST, Fire            |                 |          |
|       |                 |         | 22               | 3.929 - 3.989   | 1000 |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
|       |                 |         | 23               | 4.020 - 4.080   | 1000 |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
| M14   | 8.400 - 8.700   | 750     | 29               | SAME            | 1000 | NONE                   |                 |      | Cloud Top Properties |                 |          |
| M15   | 10.263 - 11.263 | 750     | 31               | 10.780 - 11.280 | 1000 |                        |                 |      |                      |                 |          |
| I5    | 10.500 - 12.400 | 375     | 31               | 10.780 - 11.280 | 1000 | 4                      | 10.300 - 11.300 | 1100 | HRD                  | 10.300 - 12.900 | 550      |
|       |                 |         | 32               | 11.770 - 12.270 | 1000 | 5                      | 11.500 - 12.500 | 1100 |                      | Cloud Imagery   |          |
| M16   | 11.538 - 12.488 | 750     | 32               | 11.770 - 12.270 | 1000 | 5                      | 11.500 - 12.500 | 1100 | SST                  |                 |          |

# SNPP VIIRS M3-M4-M5 RGB

October 14, 2014 12:33 - 12:38 UTC (5 VIIRS granules)



[landweb.nascom.nasa.gov](http://landweb.nascom.nasa.gov)



***Daily Land Surface Reflectance Bands 1,4,3 (MYD09)***

September 21, 2012

***NASA LandPEATE***



# Suomi NPP VIIRS Global Browse



[landweb.nascom.nasa.gov](http://landweb.nascom.nasa.gov)



***NPP\_VMAE\_L1 L1B Moderate input, Day Band 5,4,3***

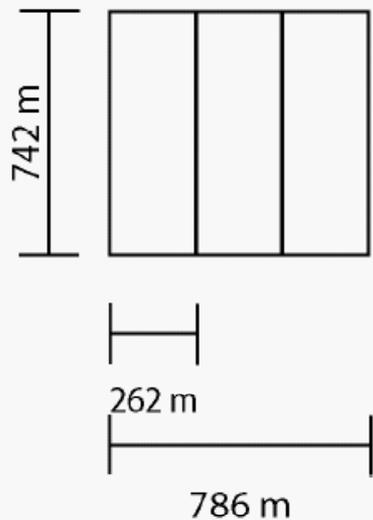
September 21, 2012

***NASA LandPEATE***

# VIIRS Detector Aggregation Scheme

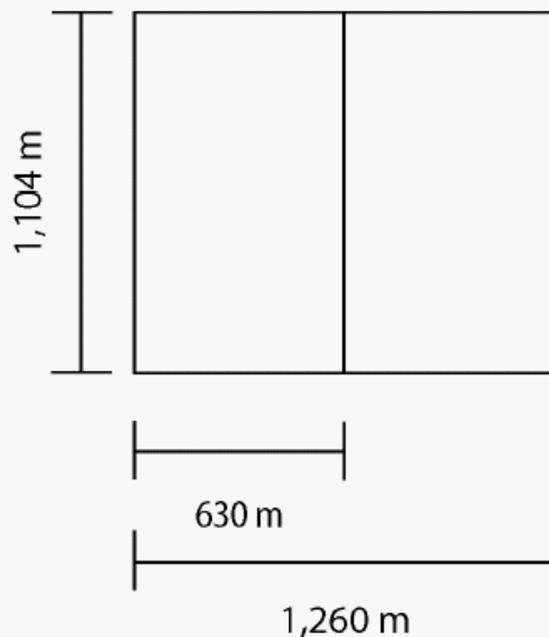
## Nadir

Aggregate 3 Samples  
SNR  $\sim \sqrt{3}$  X Baseline



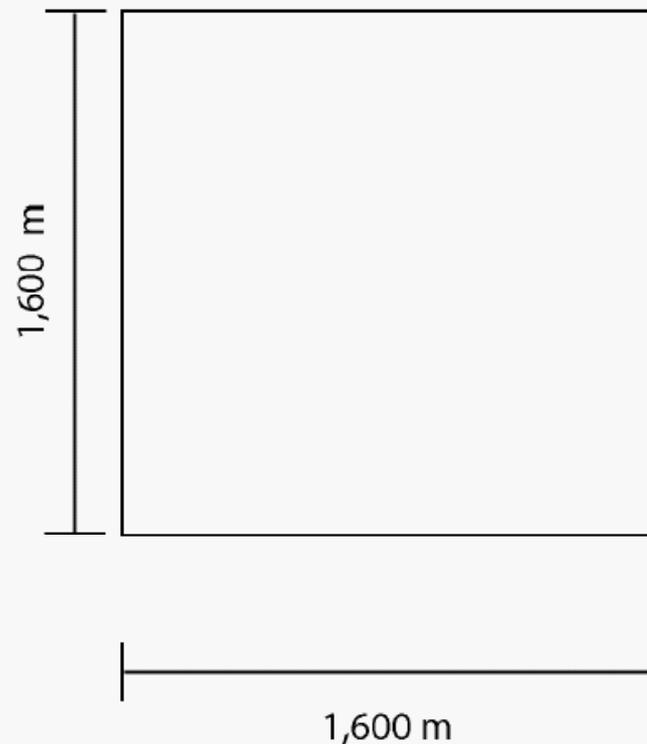
## $\pm 850$ Km

Aggregate 2 Samples  
SNR  $\sim \sqrt{2}$  X Baseline

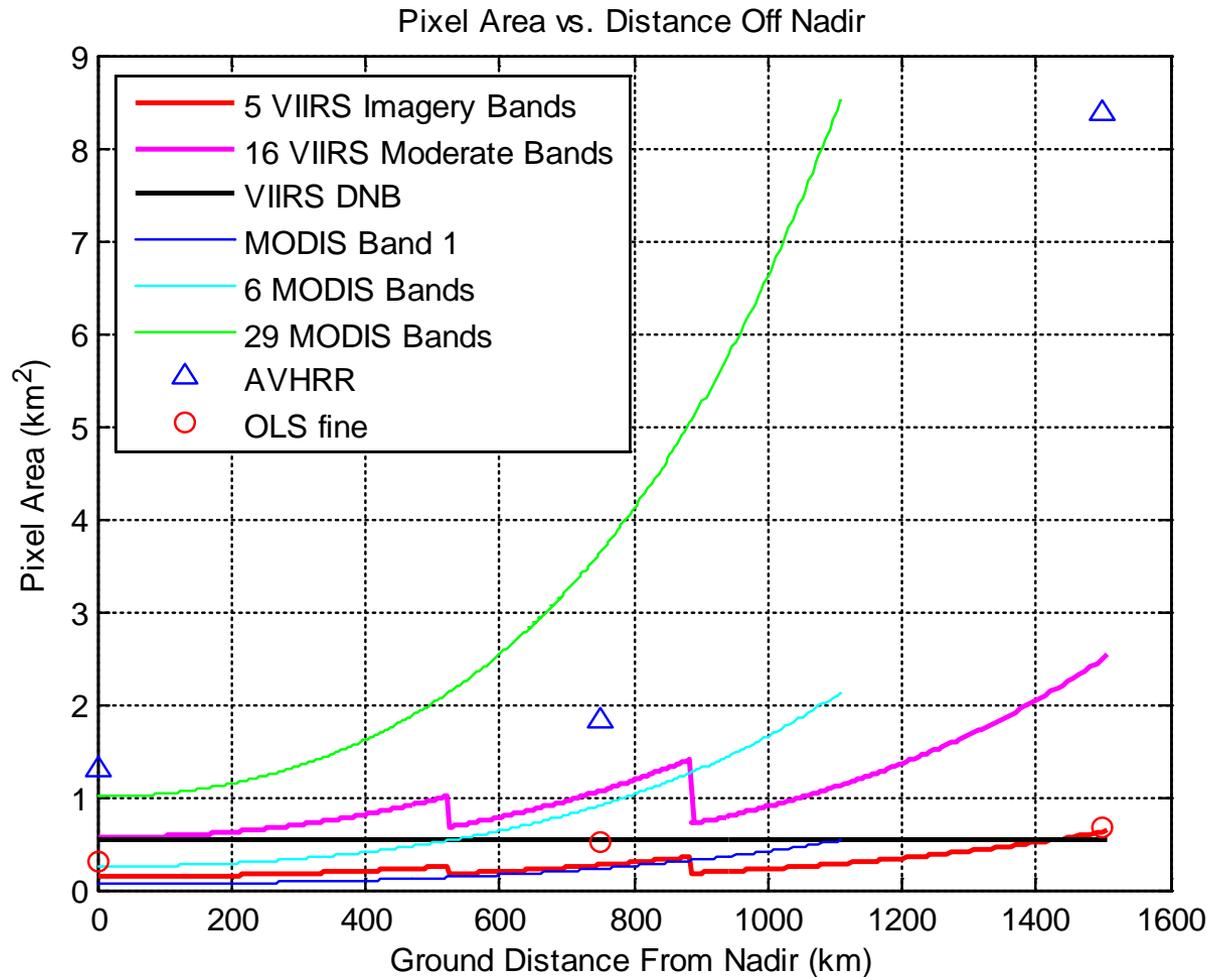


## $\pm 1,500$ Km

No Aggregation  
SNR = Baseline



# Near-constant pixel size



*Spatial Resolution Comparisons for VIIRS, AVHRR, MODIS and OLS at Nadir and Across Swath*

**Because of aggregation VIIRS has much better resolution away from nadir, pixel area 8 times smaller than AVHRR or MODIS**

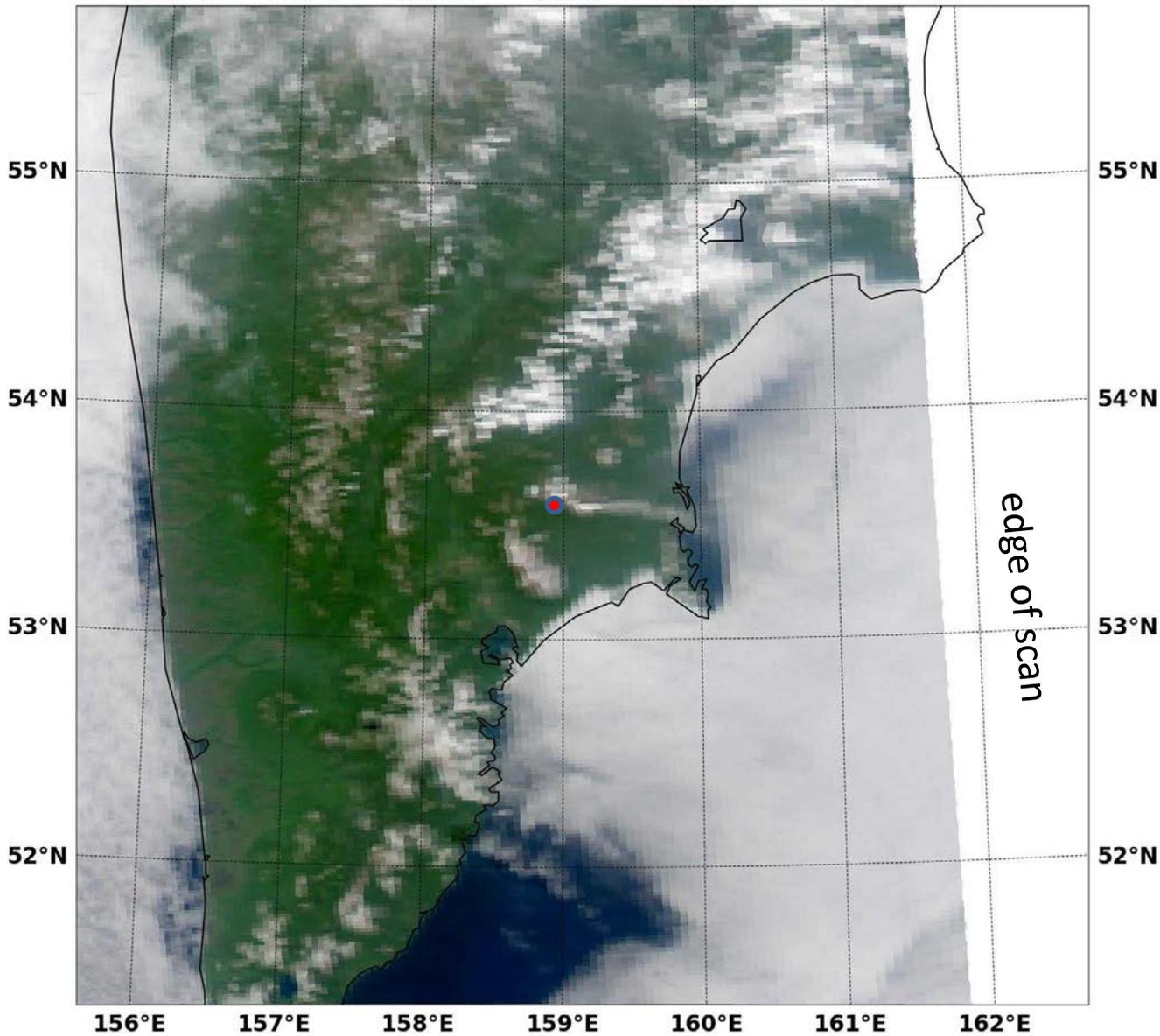


# Comparing MODIS (250m) to VIIRS (375m)



AQUA MODIS True-Color 2014/07/10 03:15:00Z NRL-Monterey

156°E 157°E 158°E 159°E 160°E 161°E 162°E



Edge of Scan

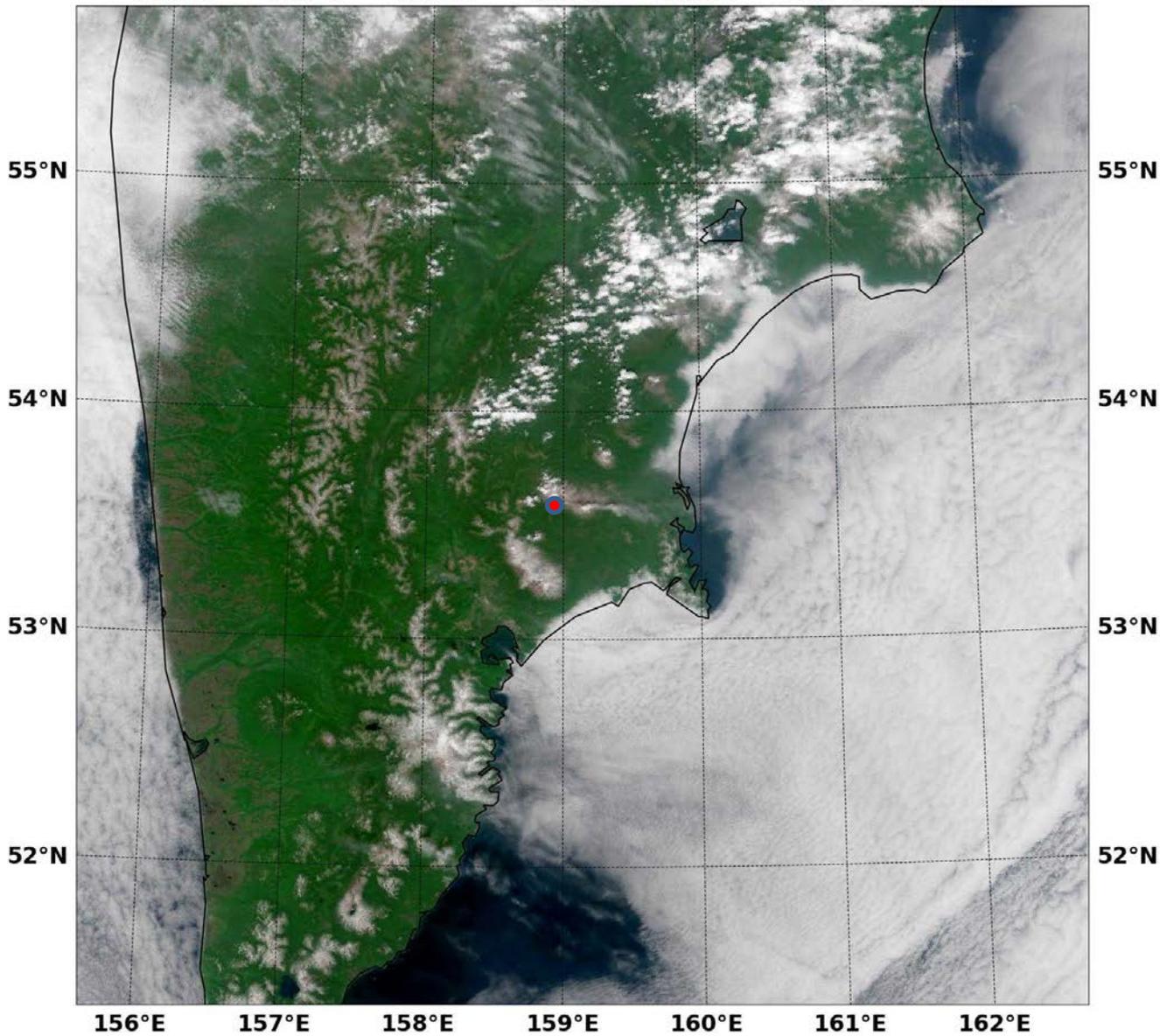


# Comparing MODIS (250m) to VIIRS (375m)



NPP VIIRS True-Color 2014/07/10 02:25:41Z NRL-Monterey

156°E 157°E 158°E 159°E 160°E 161°E 162°E



Edge of Scan



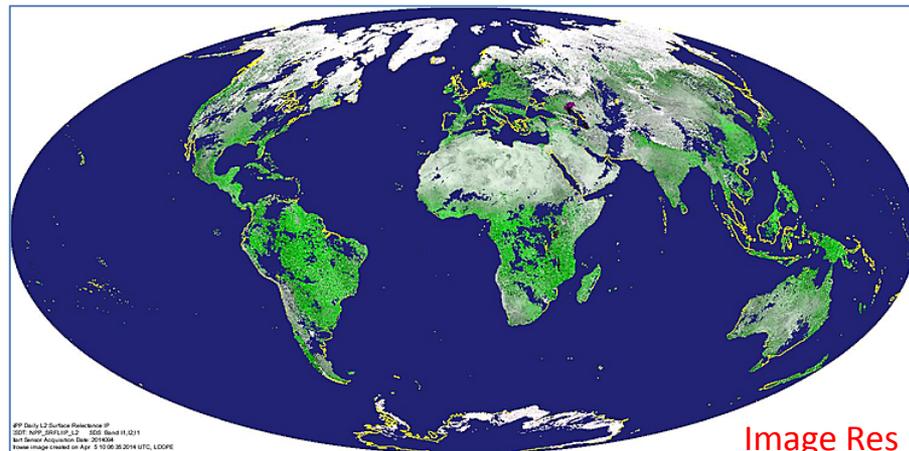
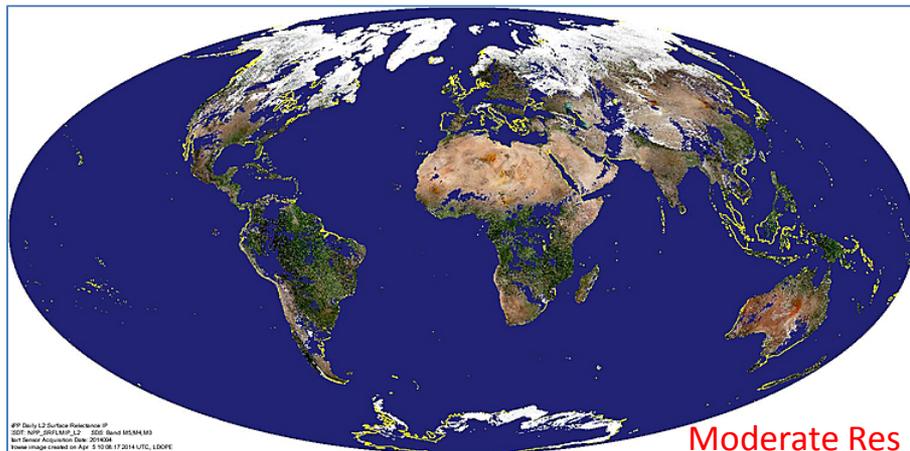
# VIIRS vs. MODIS for land monitoring



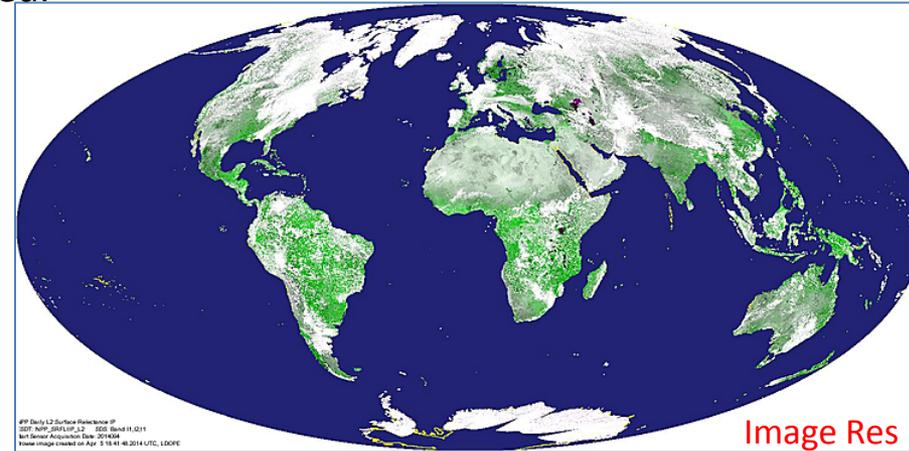
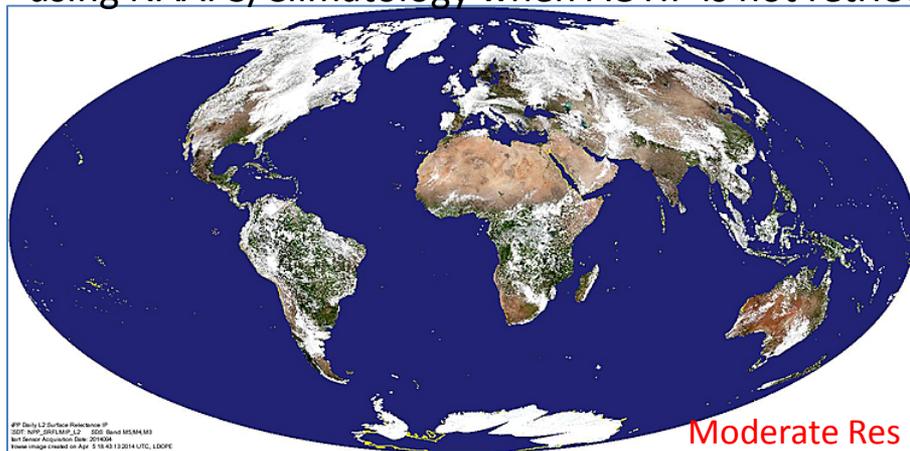
- What can VIIRS do better than MODIS?
  - Better coverage and scanning geometry, including higher resolution of “M” bands
    - Improved fire detections (25% higher VIIRS fire counts than MODIS in the three-pixel VIIRS aggregation zone)
    - No gaps at low latitudes, more consistent data for temporal compositing
- What can VIIRS do that MODIS cannot?
  - VIIRS Day/Night Band: VIIRS can directly assess a variety of phenomenon associated with human settlements (e.g., population, socio-economic activity, the built environment, and urbanization).
- What can MODIS do better than VIIRS?
  - MODIS can ‘see’ the Amazon better: TERRA-MODIS was designed to cross the equator at a time when cloud cover is at its daily minimum (10:30AM, descending).
- What can VIIRS do that is currently missing?
  - VIIRS can/should be used to measure the Earth’s Biosphere: (i.e., not just daily VI and Surface Type, but also LAI/FPAR, NPP/GPP, Burned Area, Phenology, etc.)
  - Multiple threads of VIIRS product development and generation: IDPS, NOAA JPSS (NDE), Proving Ground, NASA Science Team and Applied Science etc.

# Surface Reflectance IP from Day 2014094

Retrieved under all atmospheric conditions for all non-ocean (not sea-water) pixels except for night pixels and where input L1B is invalid



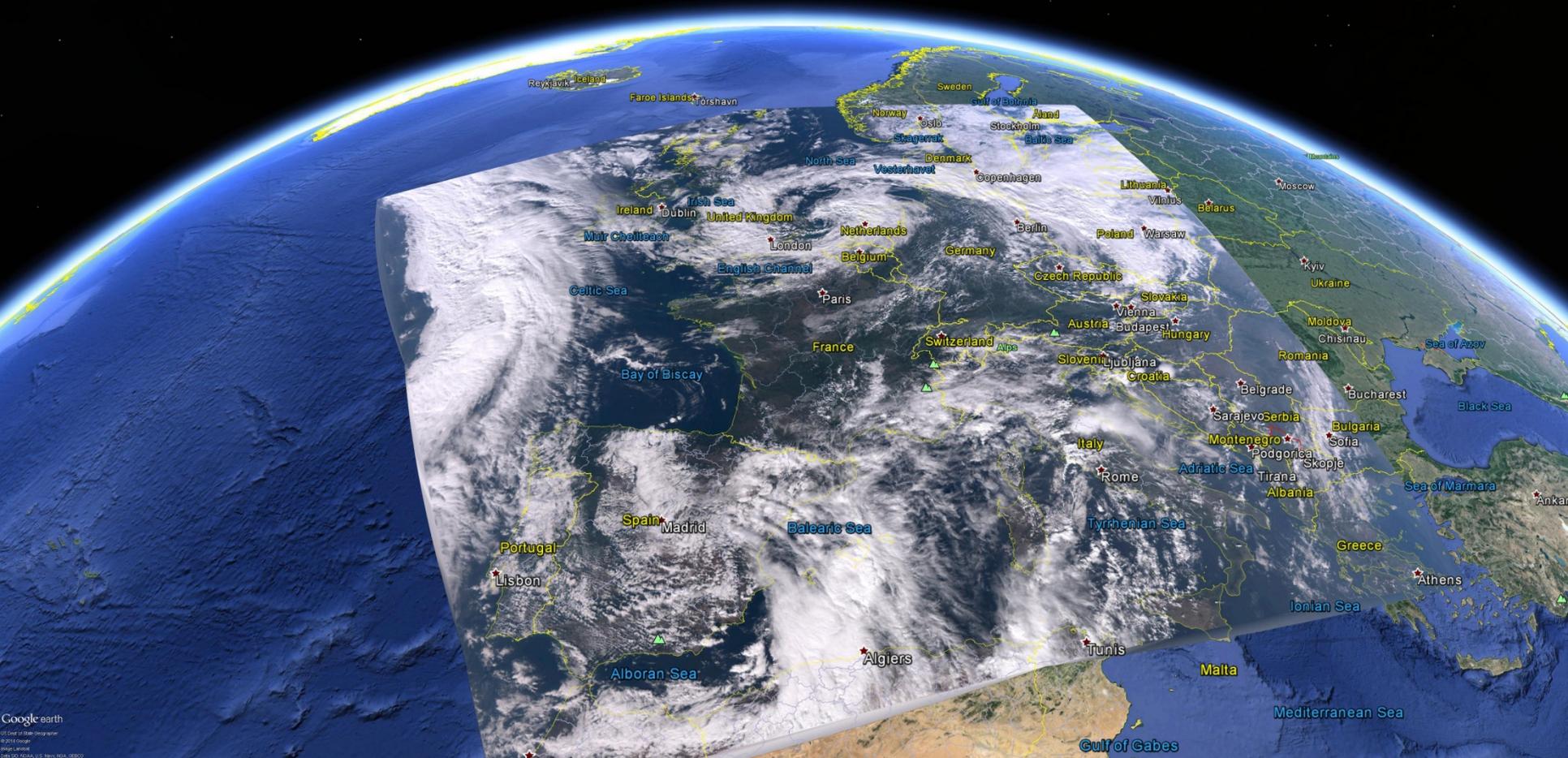
Retrieval using Mx73 at Land PEATE – SRIP not retrieved under confidently cloud and heavy aerosol, using NAAPS/Climatology when AOTIP is not retrieved.



Retrieval using Mx83 at IDPS – SRIP retrieved under all atmospheric conditions replacing NAAPS/Climatology with MODIS Climatology.

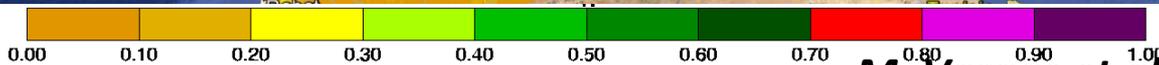
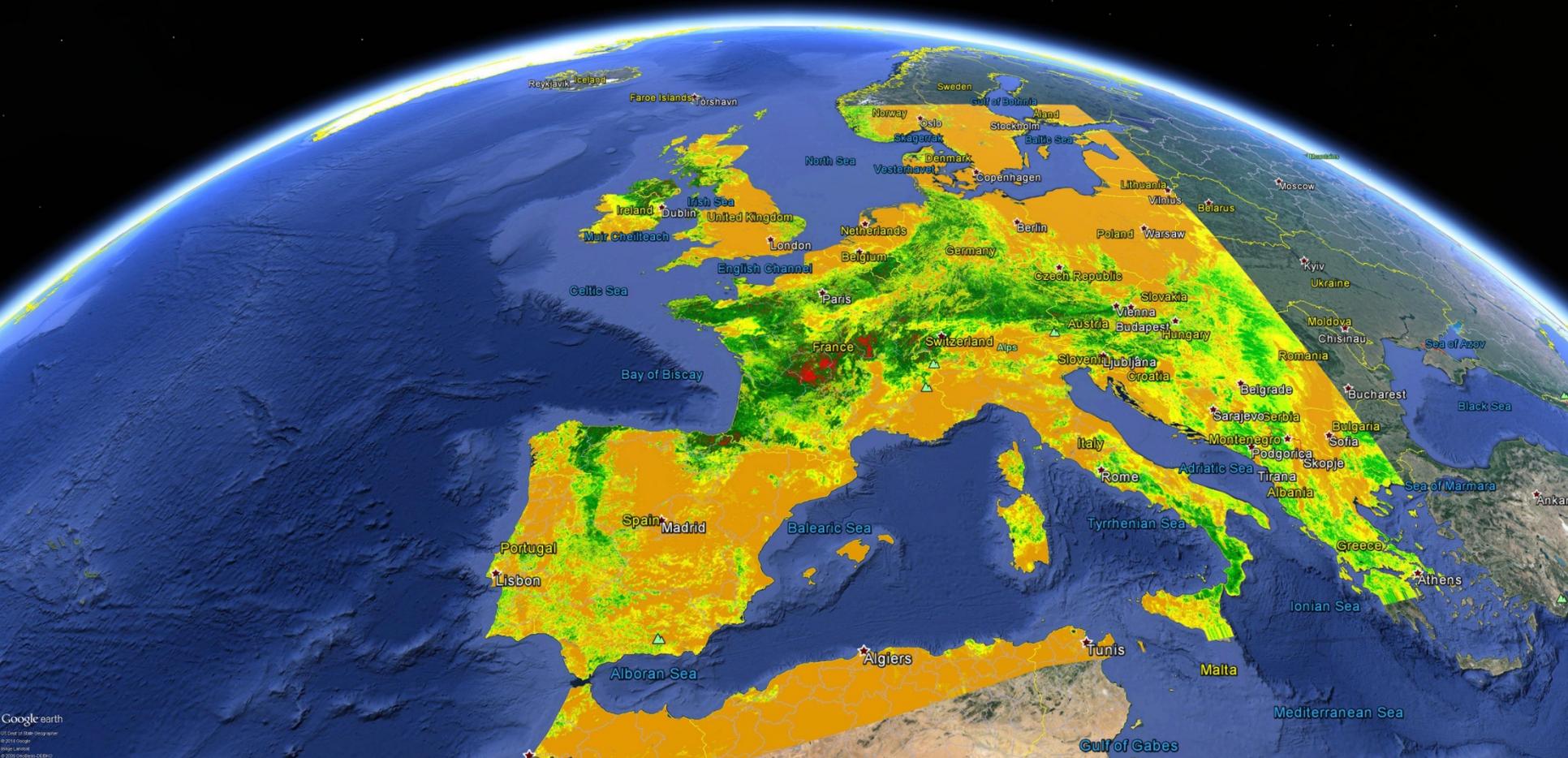
# SNPP VIIRS M3-M4-M5 RGB

October 14, 2014 12:33 - 12:38 UTC (5 VIIRS granules)

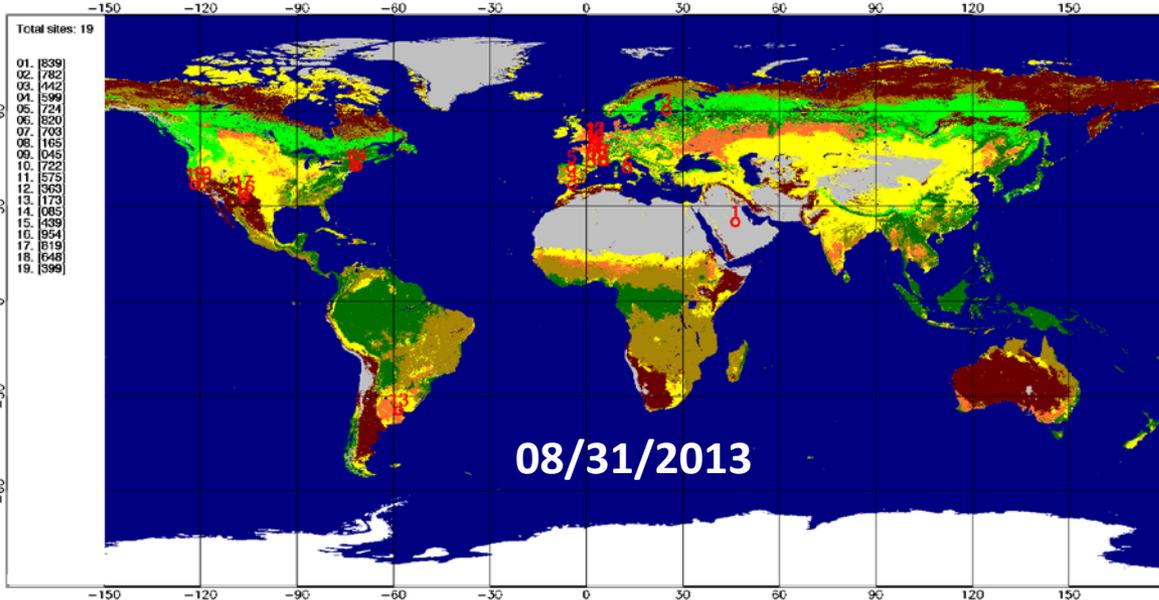
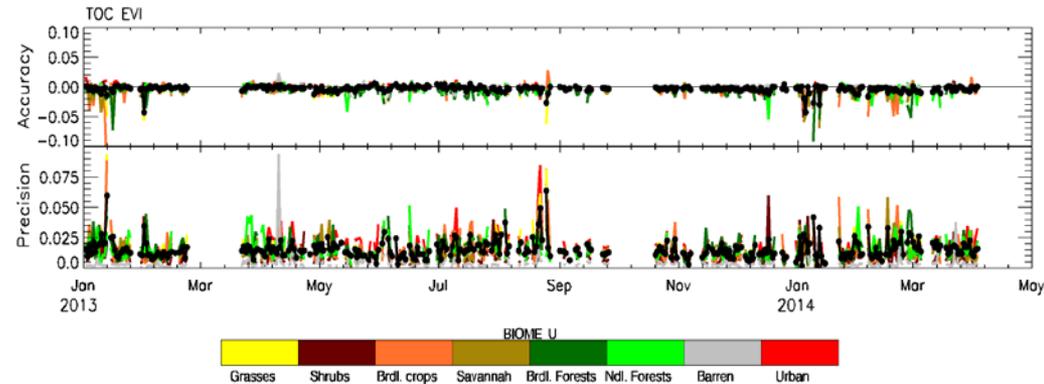
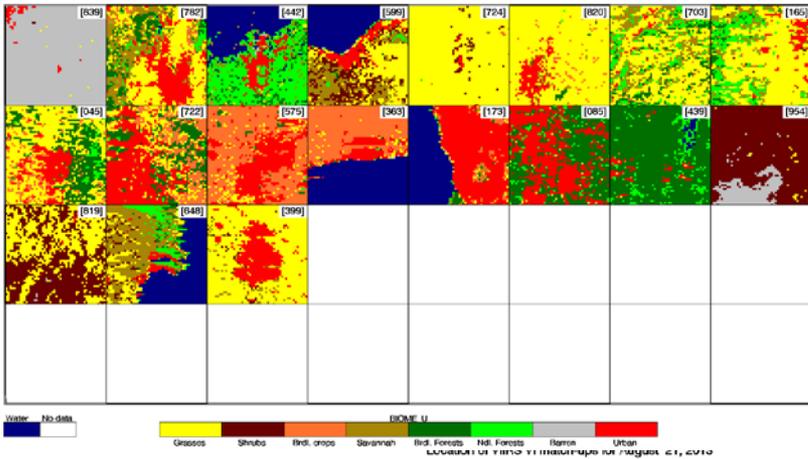


# SNPP VIIRS TOA NDVI

October 14, 2014 12:33 - 12:38 UTC (5 VIIRS granules)



Sample of global daily distribution of match-up sites (August 21, 2013) covering different surface types and including urban areas. Global Land cover is derived from Combined Terra & Aqua MODIS LAI/FPAR LC product (MCD12C1, ver. 5.1).

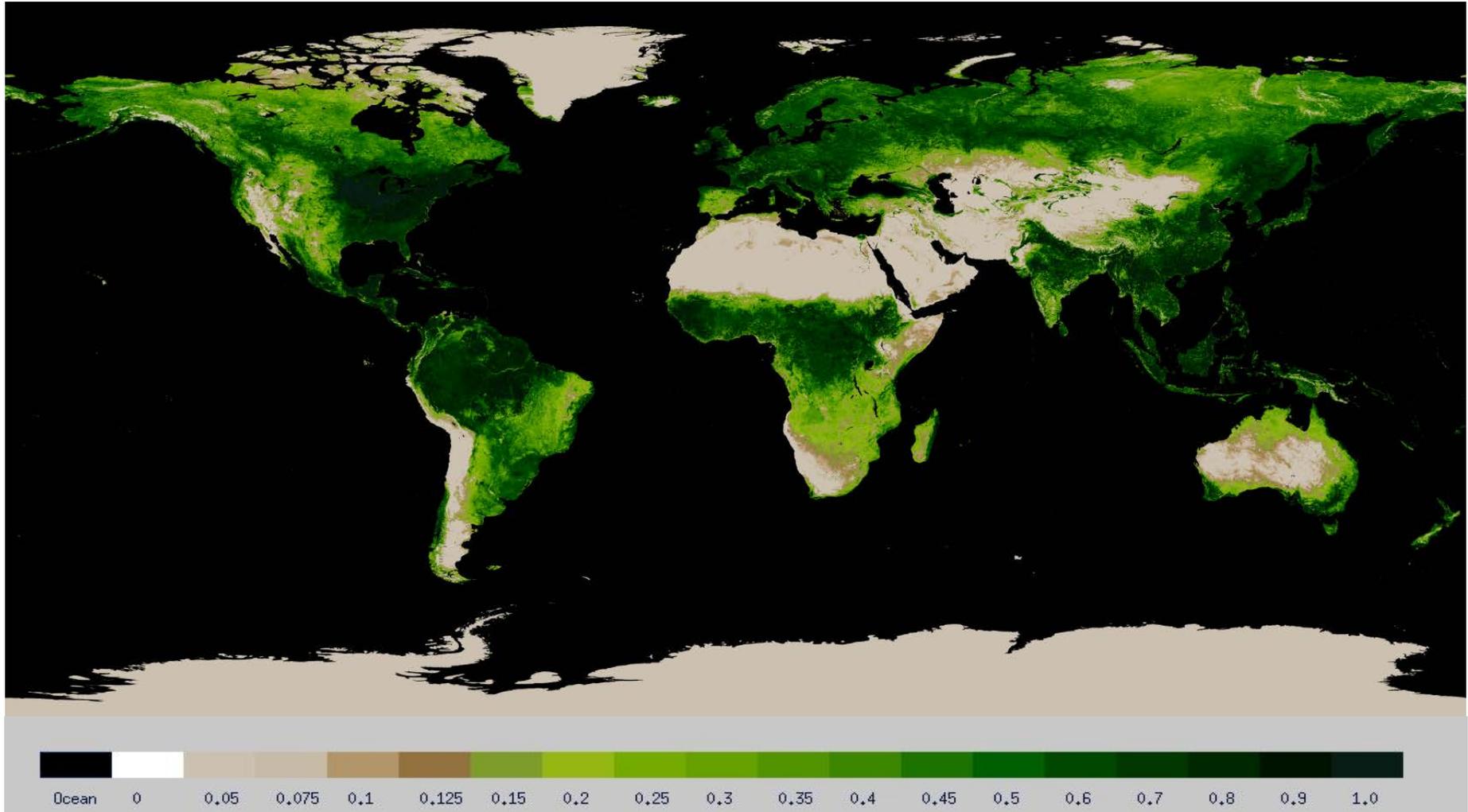


### Global APUs (Jan 1, 2013 – Mar 31, 2014)

|   | TOC EVI | TOC NDVI |
|---|---------|----------|
| A | -0.004  | 0.009    |
| P | 0.015   | 0.035    |
| U | 0.016   | 0.038    |

# VIIRS Green Vegetation Fraction

## 4-km Global GVF (Sep 1-7, 2014)

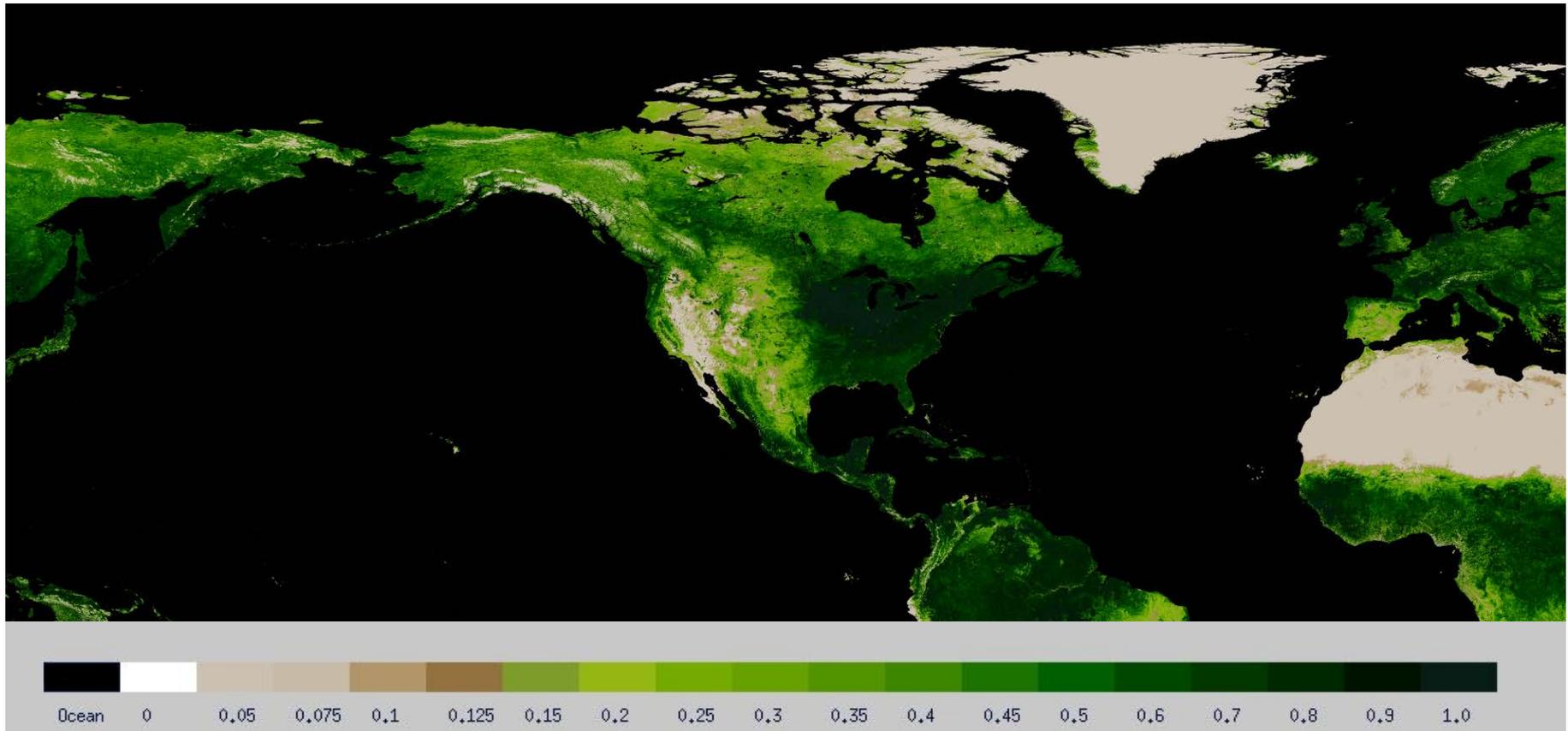


Coverage Lat 90°N - 90°S, Lon 180°W - 180°E

*M. Vargas et al., NOAA STAR*

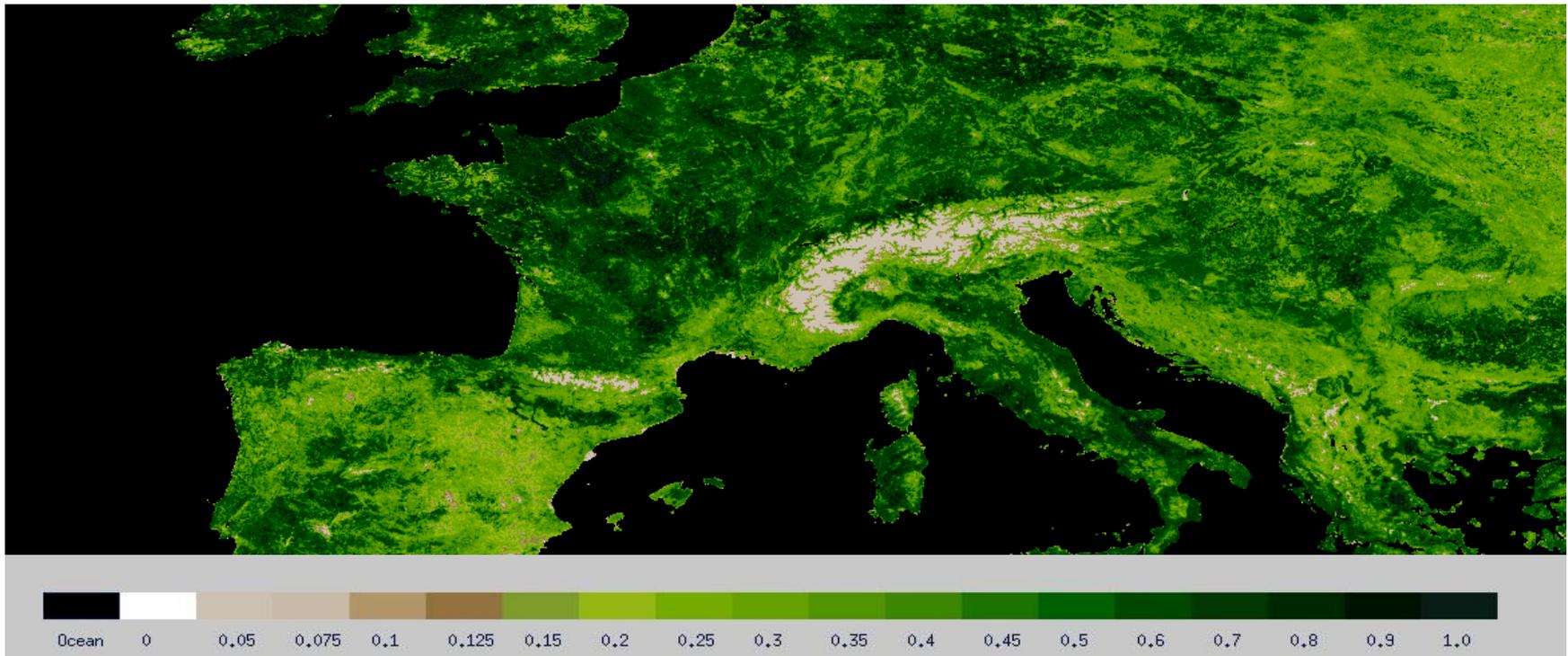
# VIIRS Green Vegetation Fraction

## 1-km Regional GVF (Sep 1-7, 2014)



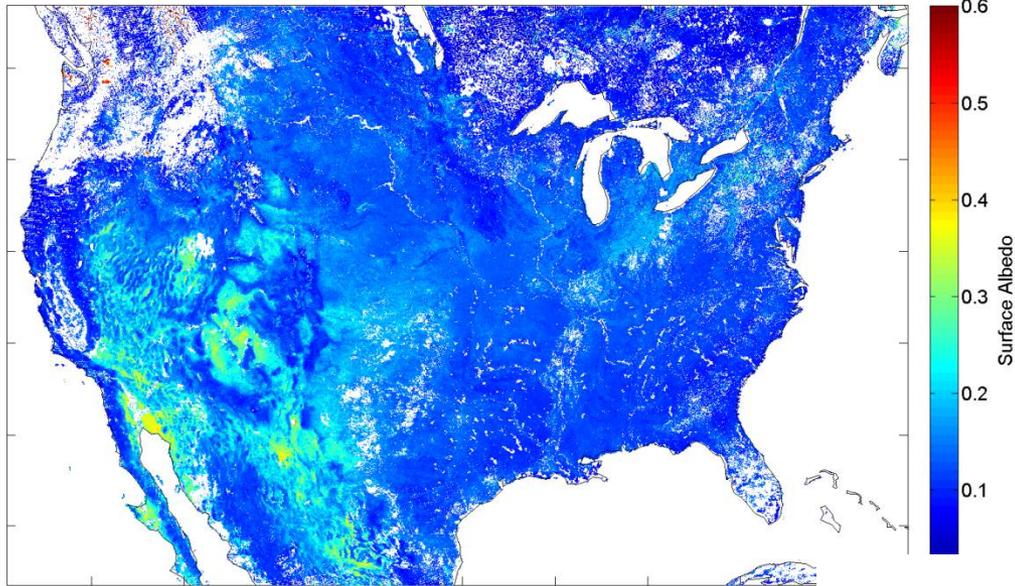
# GVF animation

Weekly GVF change from Apr 8, 2014 to Oct 7, 2014



# Maps of 16-day mean albedo

LSA from BRDF LUT



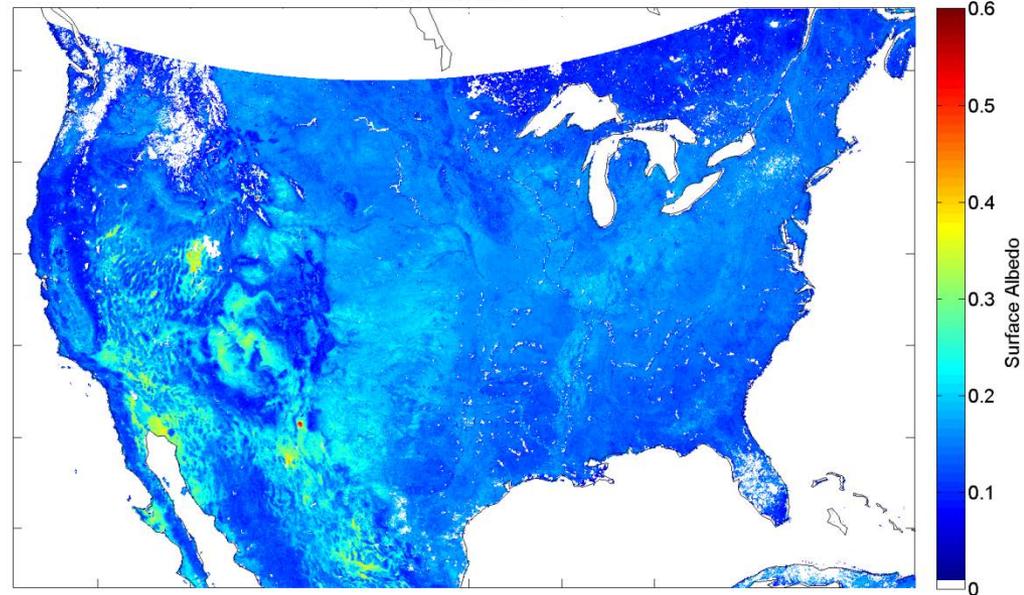
An LUT update for the VIIRS provisional albedo (BPSA – Bright Pixel Surface Albedo) is being implemented in IDPS Mx8.6 (October 2014)

Contiguous US maps of 16-day (DOY 145-160, 2012) mean LSA and MODIS albedo.

*Top: the VIIRS BPSA albedo*

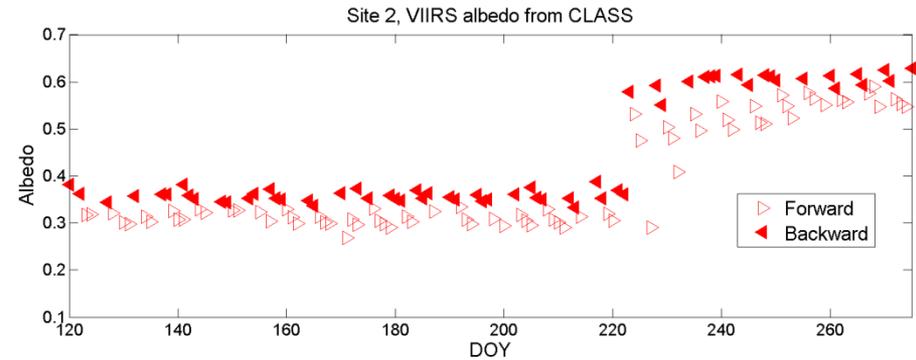
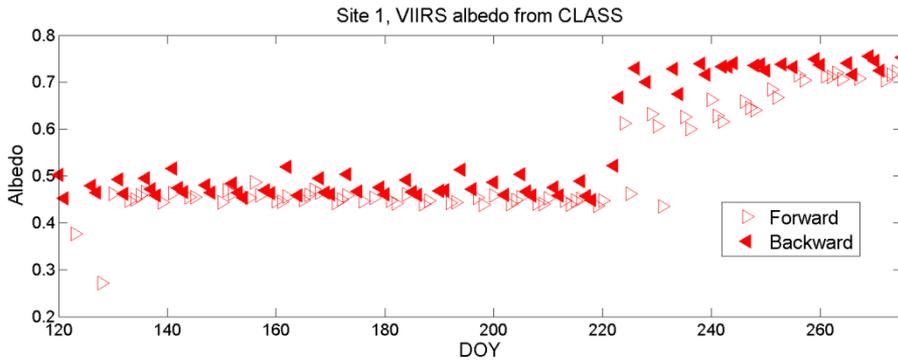
*Bottom: the MODIS albedo*

MODIS LSA



# Land Surface Albedo

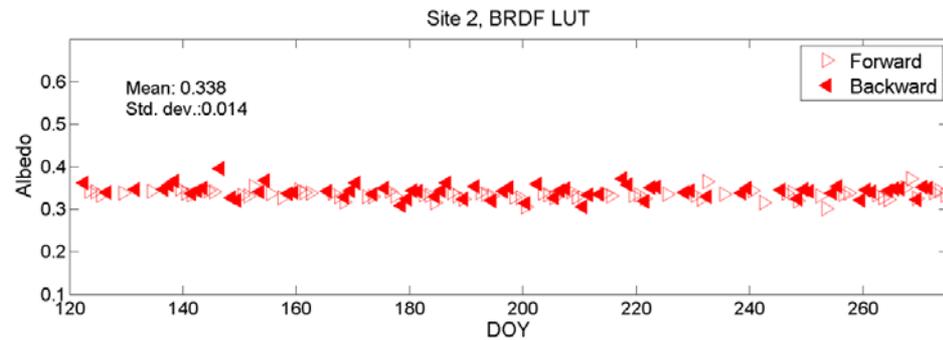
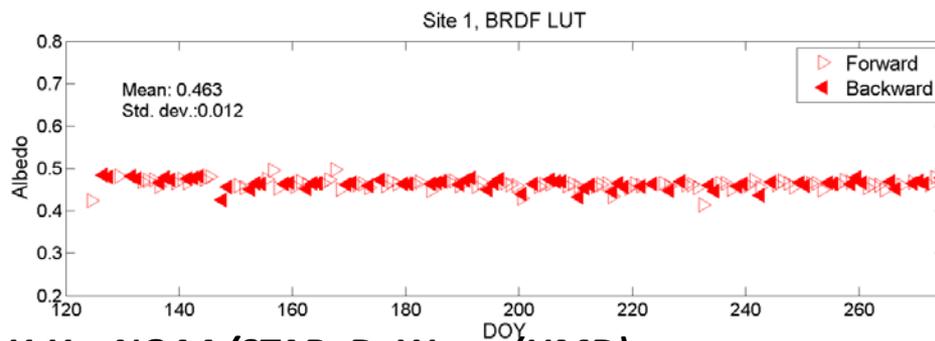
The LSA retrievals in the summer of 2012 over two Libya desert sites (Site 1: 24.42°N 13.35°E and Site 2: 26.45°N, 14.08°E) are used to illustrate the issue of temporal variability of LSA.



“Forward” means pixels with relative azimuth angle  $>90^\circ$  and “backward” means those with relative azimuth angle  $<90^\circ$ . Jumps around 8/9 were caused by the bugs in a early version of the operational codes.

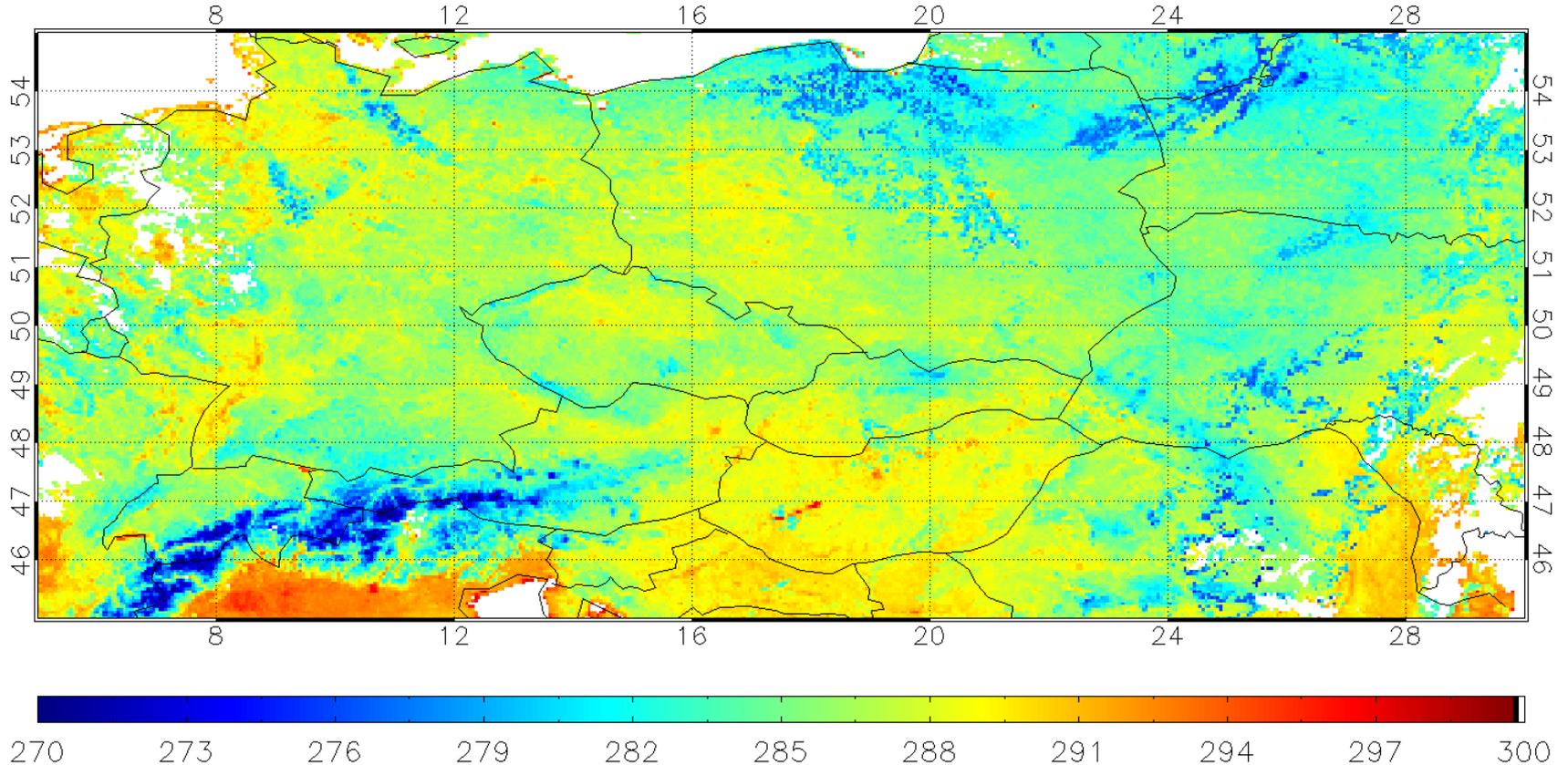
## New albedo estimated with the BRDF LUT has improved in temporal stability

LSA retrieved from new BRDF LUT. The spurious retrievals caused by undetected cloud and cloud shadow are excluded with the threshold of mean  $\pm 0.05$ .



# VIIRS Land Surface Temperature

VIIRS LST over Central Europe on 20140719 Nighttime



# LST Product Monitoring



## Index of /pub/smcd/emb/pyu/VIIRS\_monitoring/current/year/

| Name  | Size    | Date Modified     |
|---|---------|-------------------|
| [parent directory]                                      |         |                   |
| VIIRS-Bondville_IL_2014116_yearly_color_LPEATE.png      | 20.3 kB | 5/1/14 1:20:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Bondville_IL_2014116_yearly_color_Mx7.png         | 20.2 kB | 5/1/14 1:20:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Bondville_IL_2014116_yearly_color_Mx8.png         | 20.3 kB | 5/1/14 1:20:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Bondville_IL_2014116_yearly_diff_timeseries.png   | 29.6 kB | 5/1/14 1:20:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Bondville_IL_2014116_yearly_LPEATE.png            | 21.0 kB | 5/1/14 1:20:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Bondville_IL_2014116_yearly_Mx7.png               | 21.0 kB | 5/1/14 1:20:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Bondville_IL_2014116_yearly_Mx8.png               | 21.1 kB | 5/1/14 1:20:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Bondville_IL_2014116_yearly_timeseries.png        | 32.3 kB | 5/1/14 1:20:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Boulder_CO_2014116_yearly_color_LPEATE.png        | 20.7 kB | 5/1/14 1:16:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Boulder_CO_2014116_yearly_color_Mx7.png           | 20.7 kB | 5/1/14 1:16:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Boulder_CO_2014116_yearly_color_Mx8.png           | 20.7 kB | 5/1/14 1:16:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Boulder_CO_2014116_yearly_diff_timeseries.png     | 26.7 kB | 5/1/14 1:16:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Boulder_CO_2014116_yearly_LPEATE.png              | 21.0 kB | 5/1/14 1:16:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Boulder_CO_2014116_yearly_Mx7.png                 | 21.1 kB | 5/1/14 1:16:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Boulder_CO_2014116_yearly_Mx8.png                 | 21.1 kB | 5/1/14 1:16:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Boulder_CO_2014116_yearly_timeseries.png          | 36.8 kB | 5/1/14 1:16:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Desert_Rock_NV_2014116_yearly_color_LPEATE.png    | 20.0 kB | 5/1/14 1:12:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Desert_Rock_NV_2014116_yearly_color_Mx7.png       | 20.0 kB | 5/1/14 1:12:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Desert_Rock_NV_2014116_yearly_color_Mx8.png       | 20.0 kB | 5/1/14 1:12:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Desert_Rock_NV_2014116_yearly_diff_timeseries.png | 26.2 kB | 5/1/14 1:12:00 AM |
| VIIRS-Desert_Rock_NV_2014116_yearly_LPEATE.png          | 20.4 kB | 5/1/14 1:12:00 AM |

**LST monitor results: Apr 24, 2014**

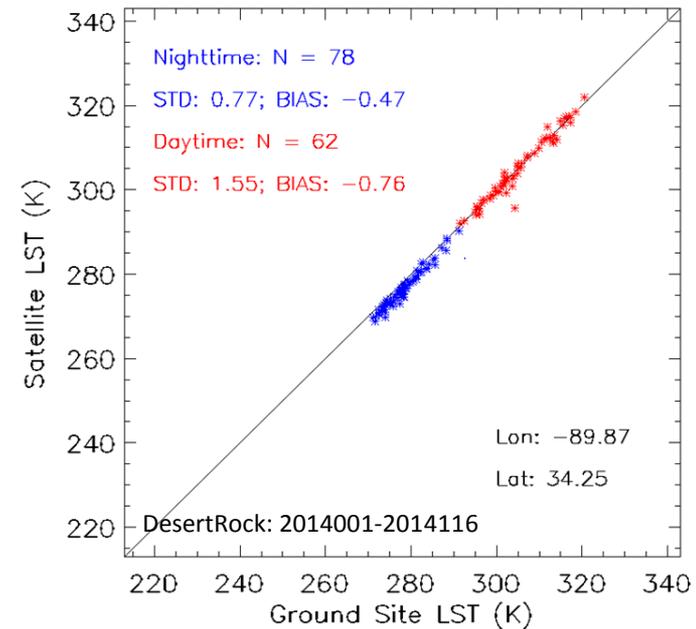
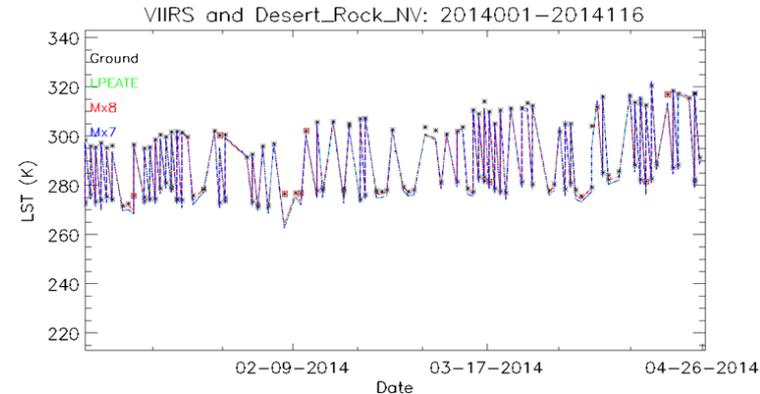
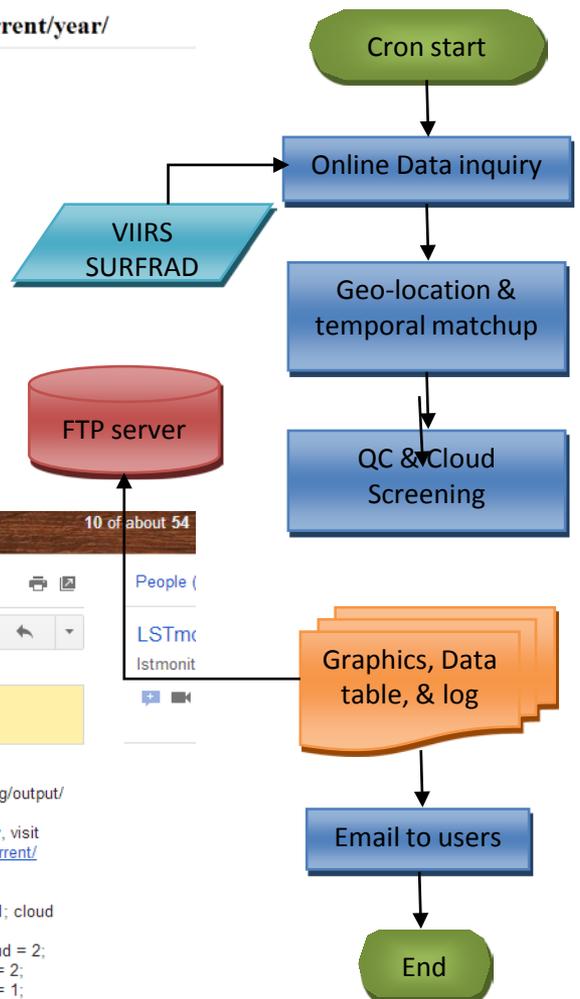
**Peng Yu** Apr 23 (8 days ago)

to me, yuling.liu, yunyue.yu, zhuo.wang

This message may not have been sent by: [lstmonitor.awg@gmail.com](mailto:lstmonitor.awg@gmail.com)

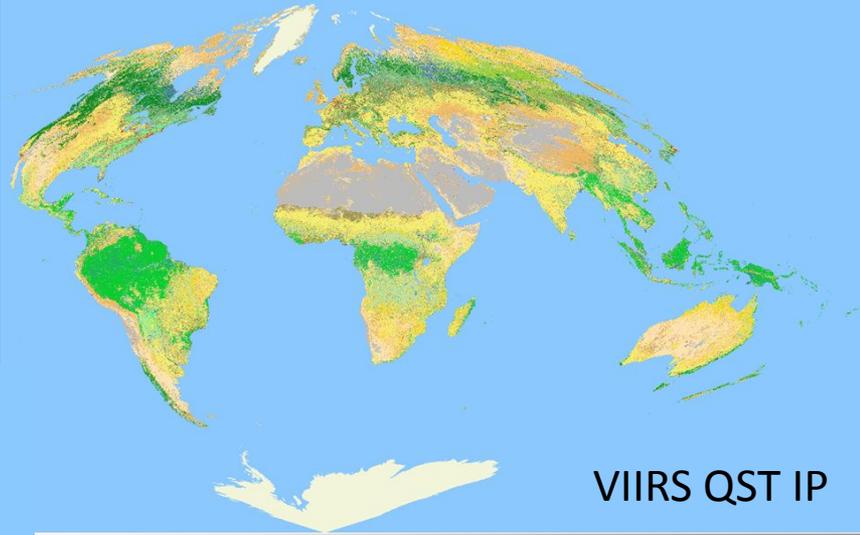
The monitoring for VIIRS has been done for this week. Please visit the directory [/net/rhs2001/disk3/pub/pyu/VIIRS\\_Monitoring/output/routine/2014/20140412/](http://net/rhs2001/disk3/pub/pyu/VIIRS_Monitoring/output/routine/2014/20140412/) to review the results. Alternatively, in case you have difficulty accessing the above directory, visit [ftp://ftp.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/pub/smcd/emb/pyu/VIIRS\\_monitoring/current/](http://ftp.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/pub/smcd/emb/pyu/VIIRS_monitoring/current/)

Some problem(s) have been found shown as in the followings:  
 Goodwin\_Creek\_MS: date = 2014108; time = 1830; lst\_diff = -6.31451; cloud = 2;  
 Fort\_Peck\_MT: date = 2014103; time = 0840; lst\_diff = -10.5048; cloud = 2;  
 Bondville\_IL: date = 2014105; time = 1925; lst\_diff = -7.49588; cloud = 2;  
 Bondville\_IL: date = 2014108; time = 0845; lst\_diff = -8.08051; cloud = 1;

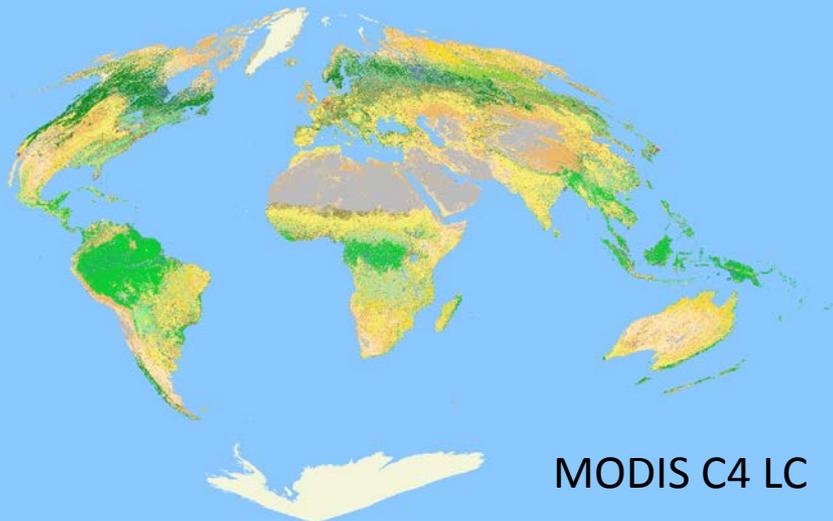




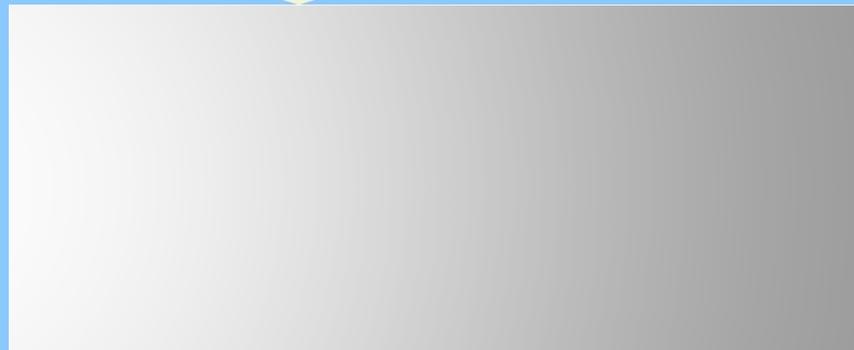
# Surface Type: Comparison with MODIS C4/C5 LC



VIIRS QST IP

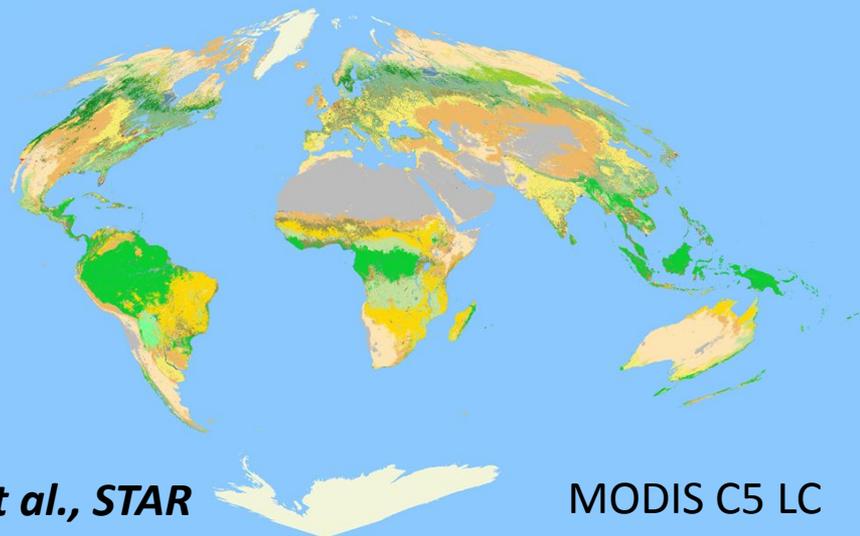


MODIS C4 LC



## Legend

- Evergreen Needleleaf Forest
- Evergreen Broadleaf Forest
- Deciduous Needleleaf Forest
- Deciduous Broadleaf Forest
- Mixed Forest
- Closed Shrublands
- Open Shrublands
- Woody Savannas
- Savannas
- Grasslands
- Permanent Wetlands
- Croplands
- Urban and Built-Up
- Cropland/Natural Vegetation Mosaic
- Snow and Ice
- Barren or Sparsely Vegetated
- Water Bodies

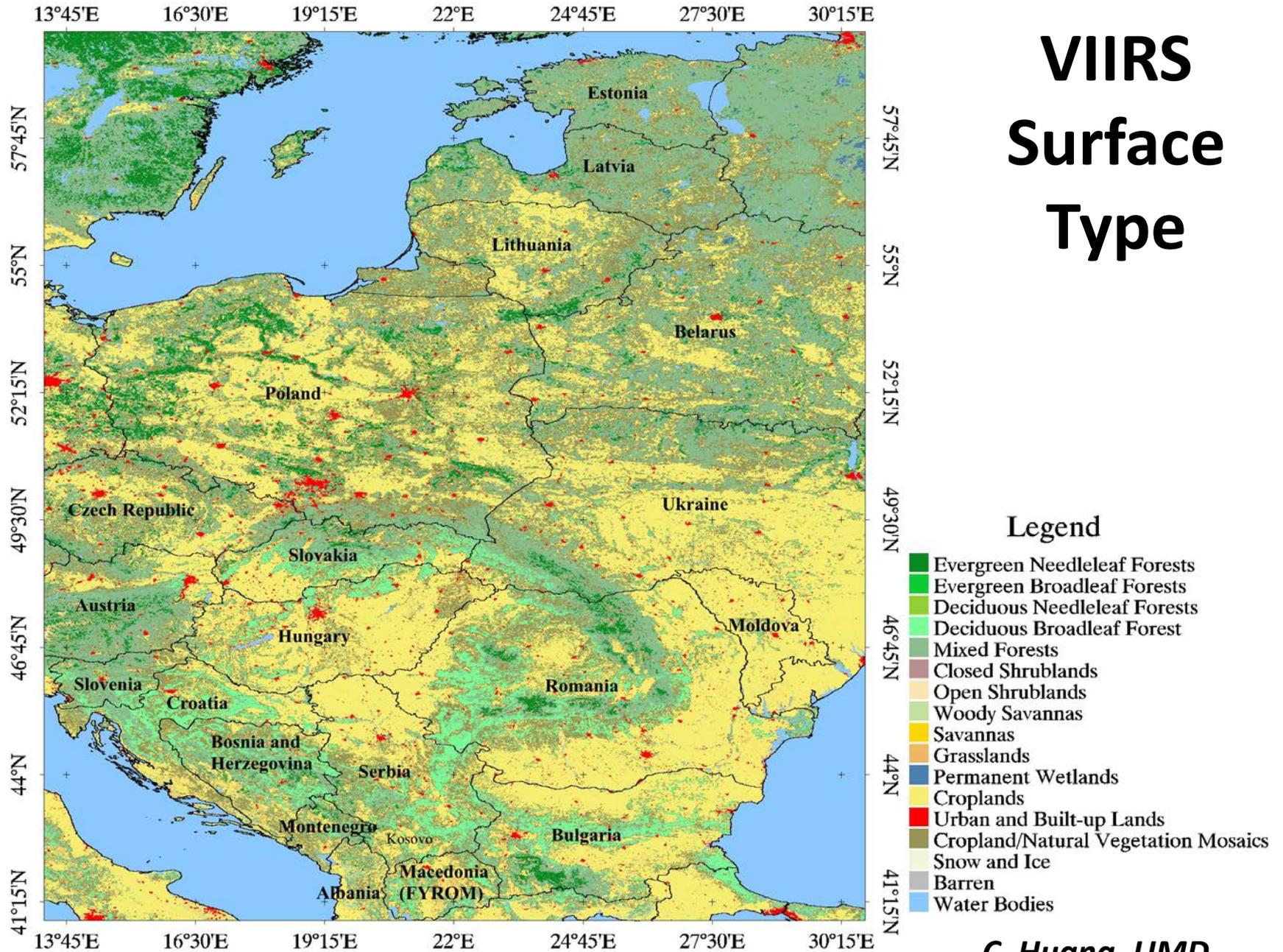


*X. Zhan et al., STAR*

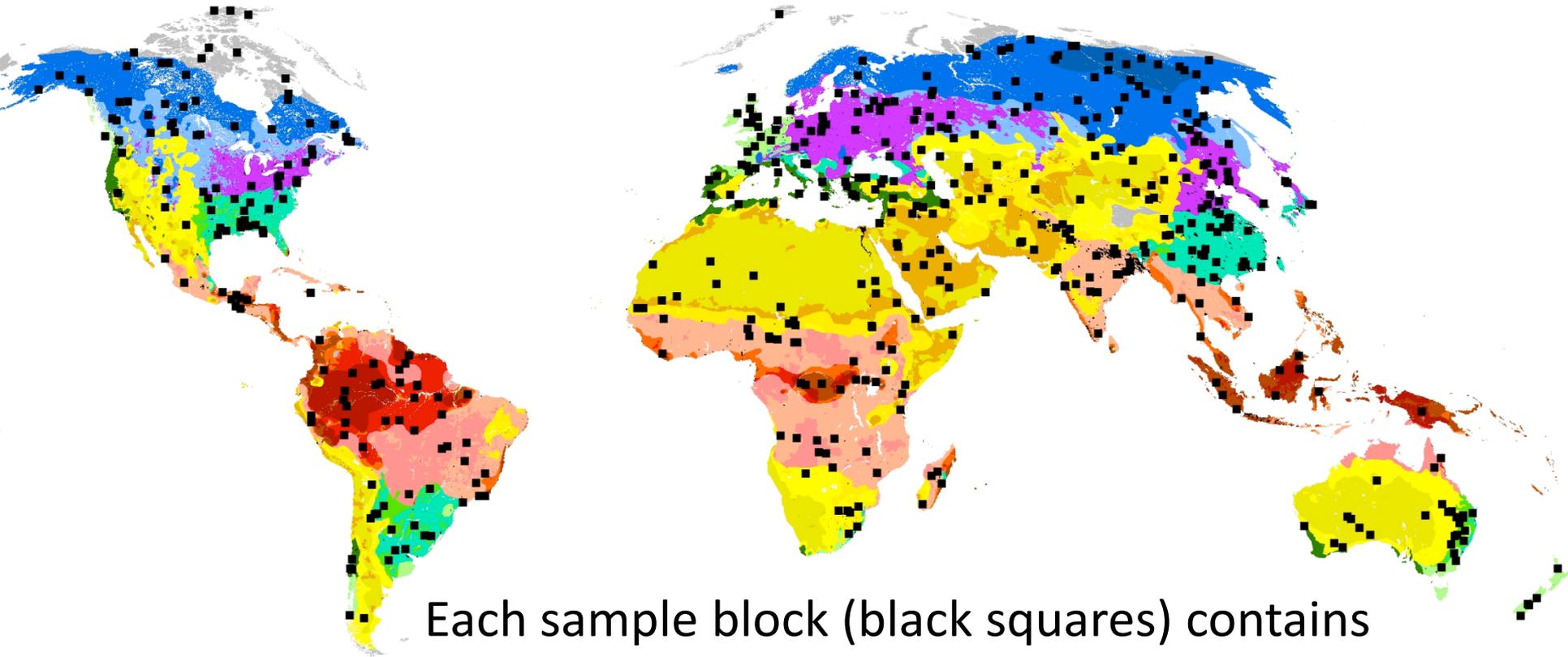
MODIS C5 LC



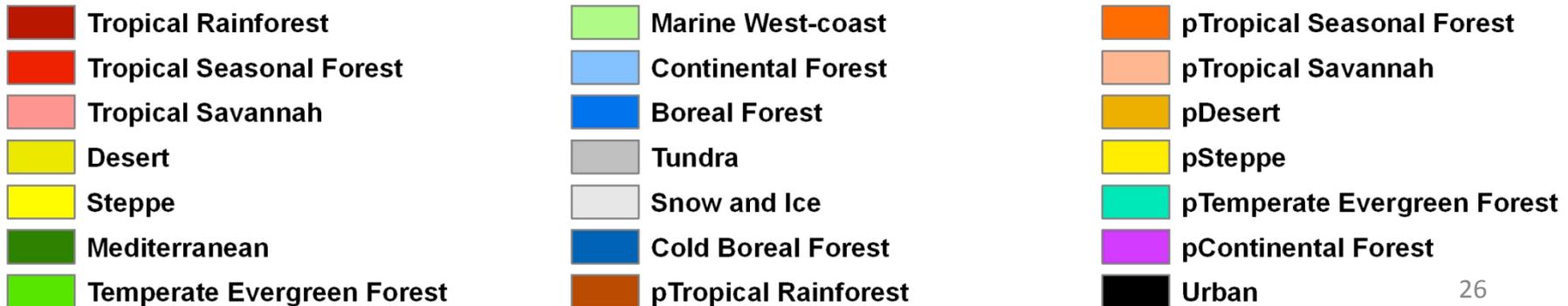
# VIIRS Surface Type



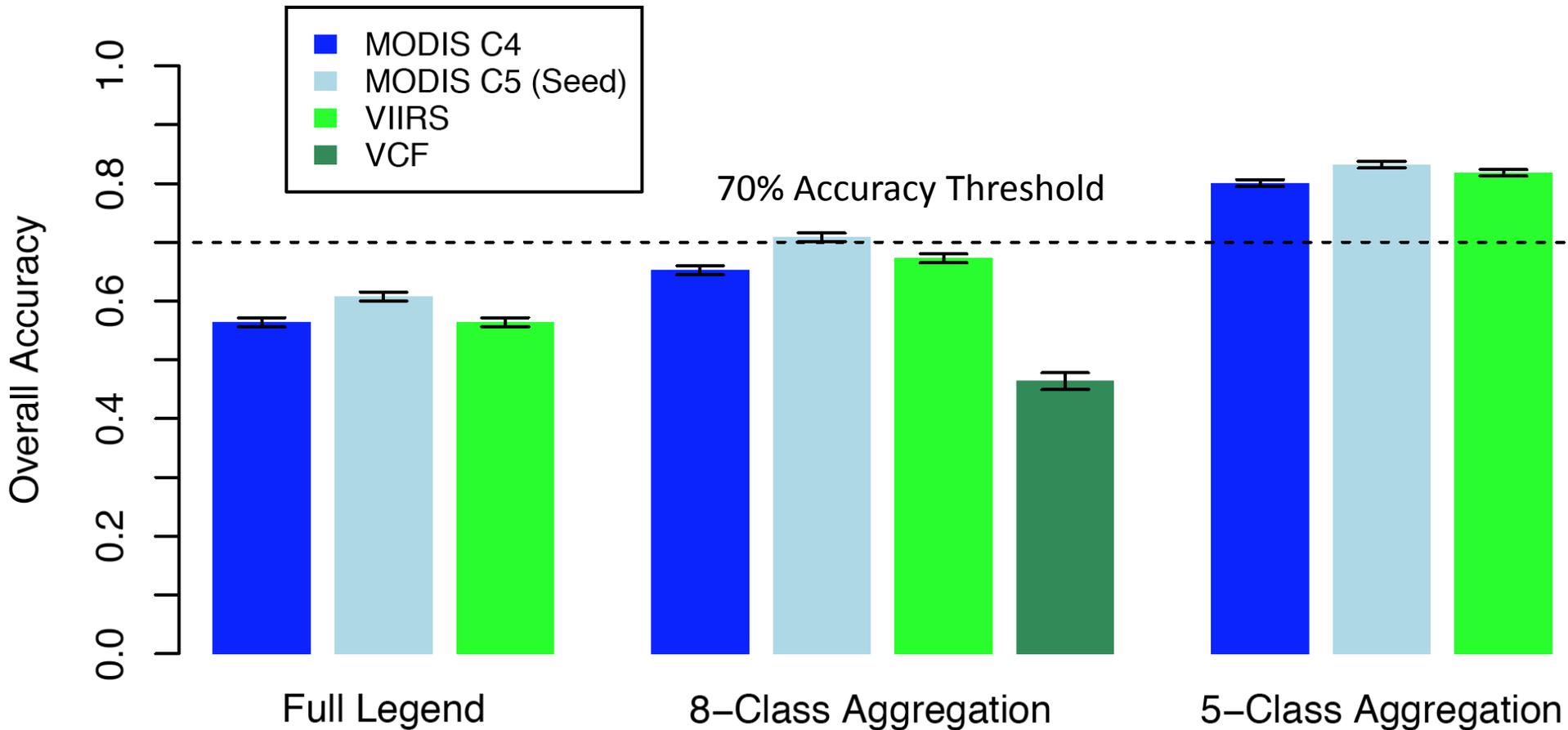
# Validation Sample Design



Each sample block (black squares) contains between 10 and 35 1-km VIIRS pixels.



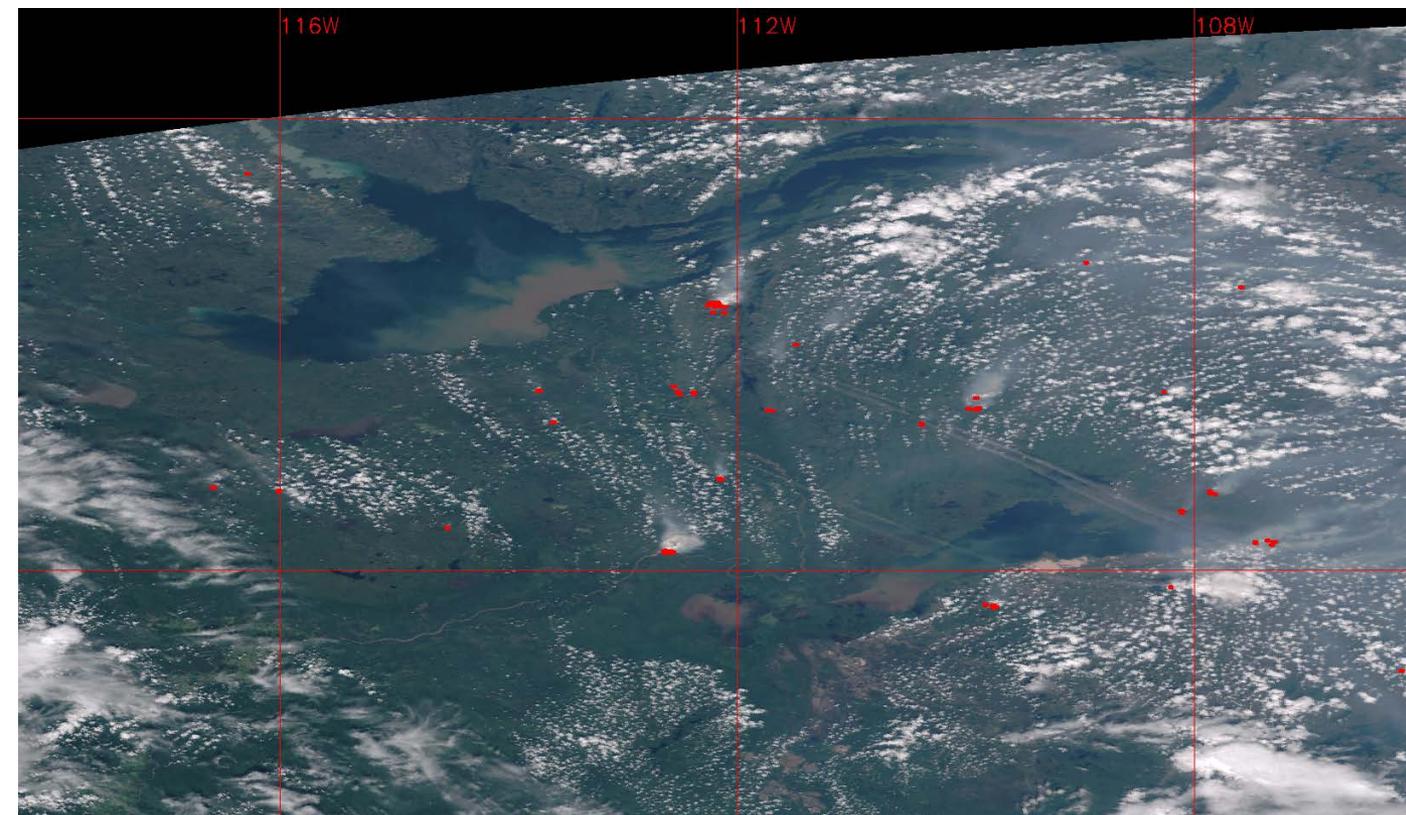
## Overall Accuracies for Different Products



There is more variance in overall accuracies across aggregation levels than between maps.

# VIIRS NOAA Active Fire Product

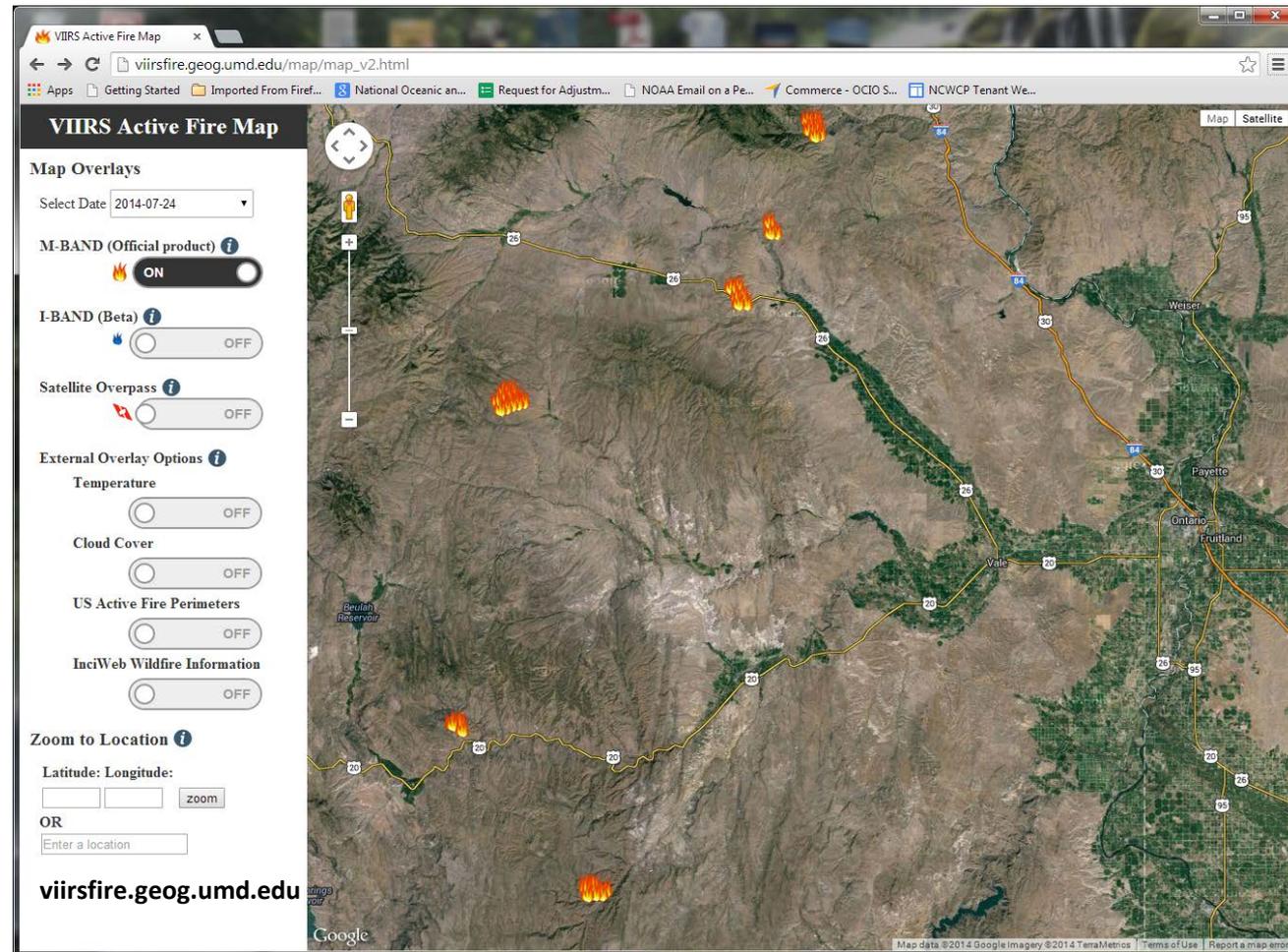
- Represents **continuity** with NASA EOS **MODIS** and NOAA POES **AVHRR** fire detection (and also international missions such as (A)ATSR
- VIIRS **design allows for radiometric measurements** to detect and characterize active fires over a wide range of observing and environmental conditions
- Product is expected to be used by **real-time resource and disaster management; air quality monitoring; ecosystem monitoring; climate studies** etc.



*NW Canada  
07 July 2013  
20:14:55-20:20:34 UTC*

<http://viirsfire.geog.umd.edu/>

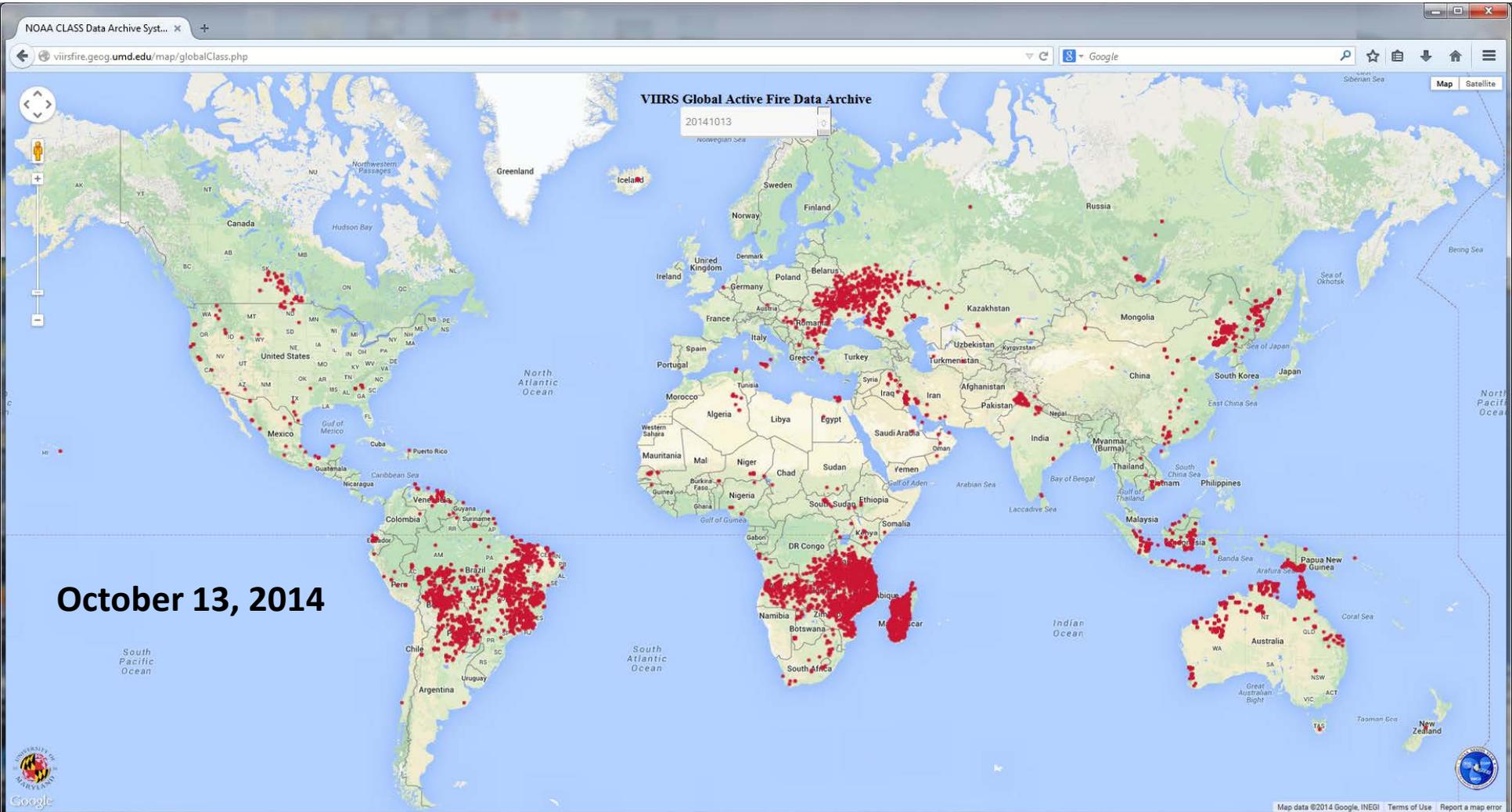
- The operational SNPP VIIRS Active Fire product is a sparse array containing **locations of pixels** flagged as “fire” by the detection algorithm
- The science team is developing a suite of improved products, including **fire radiative power to characterize the fire intensity**
- End users are engaged through **Proving Ground and User Readiness efforts**



*Fire detections from the operational Suomi NPP VIIRS Active Fire product in NW US on July 24, 2014. Data in various user-friendly formats are available from the product evaluation portal at [viirsfire.geog.umd.edu](http://viirsfire.geog.umd.edu) .*



# NOAA VIIRS Fire Product

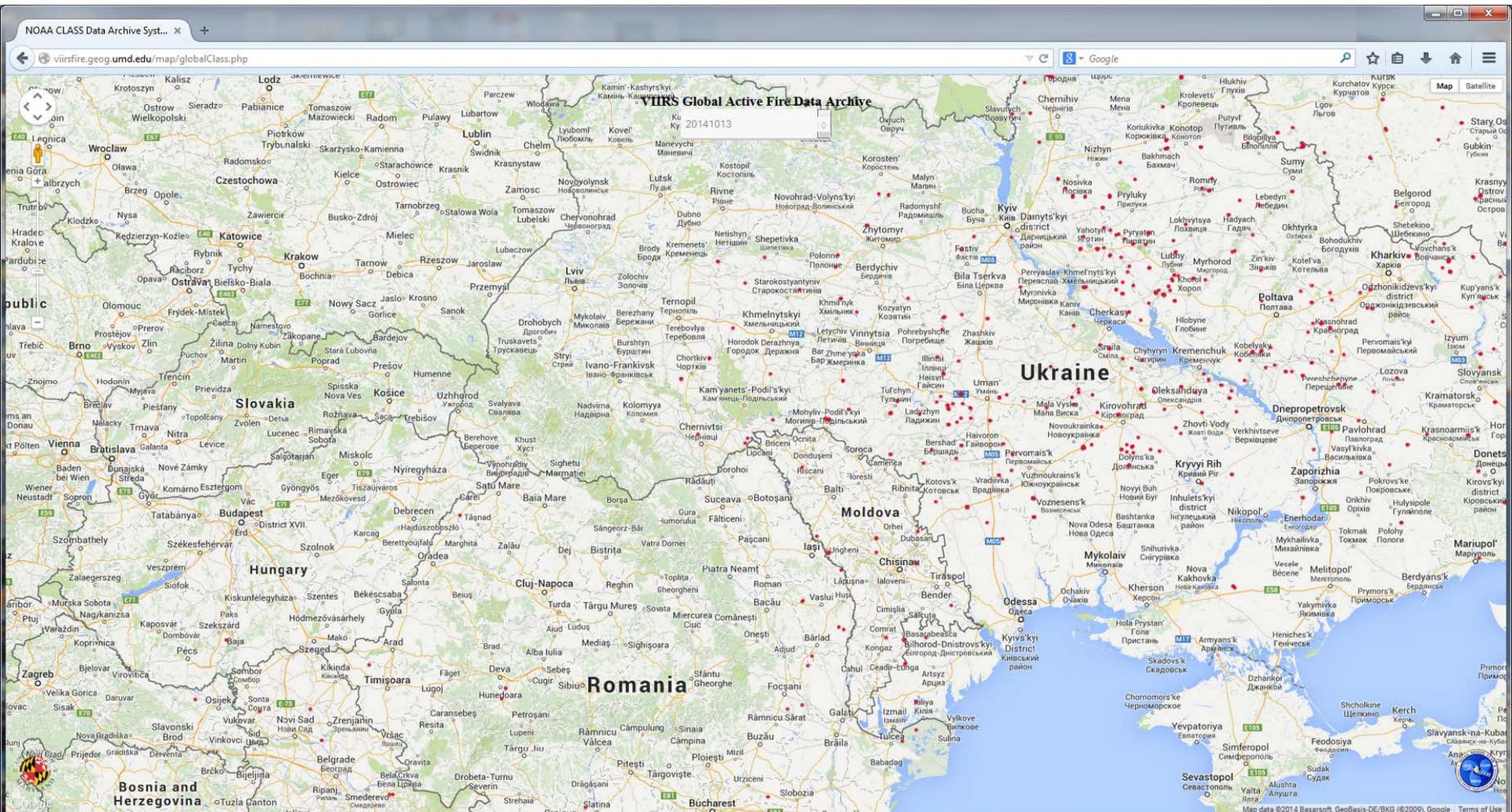


<http://viirsfire.geog.umd.edu/>

Data from NOAA CLASS: <http://www.nsof.class.noaa.gov/>



# NOAA VIIRS Fire Product



October 13, 2014

<http://viirsfire.geog.umd.edu/>

Data from NOAA CLASS: <http://www.nsof.class.noaa.gov/>

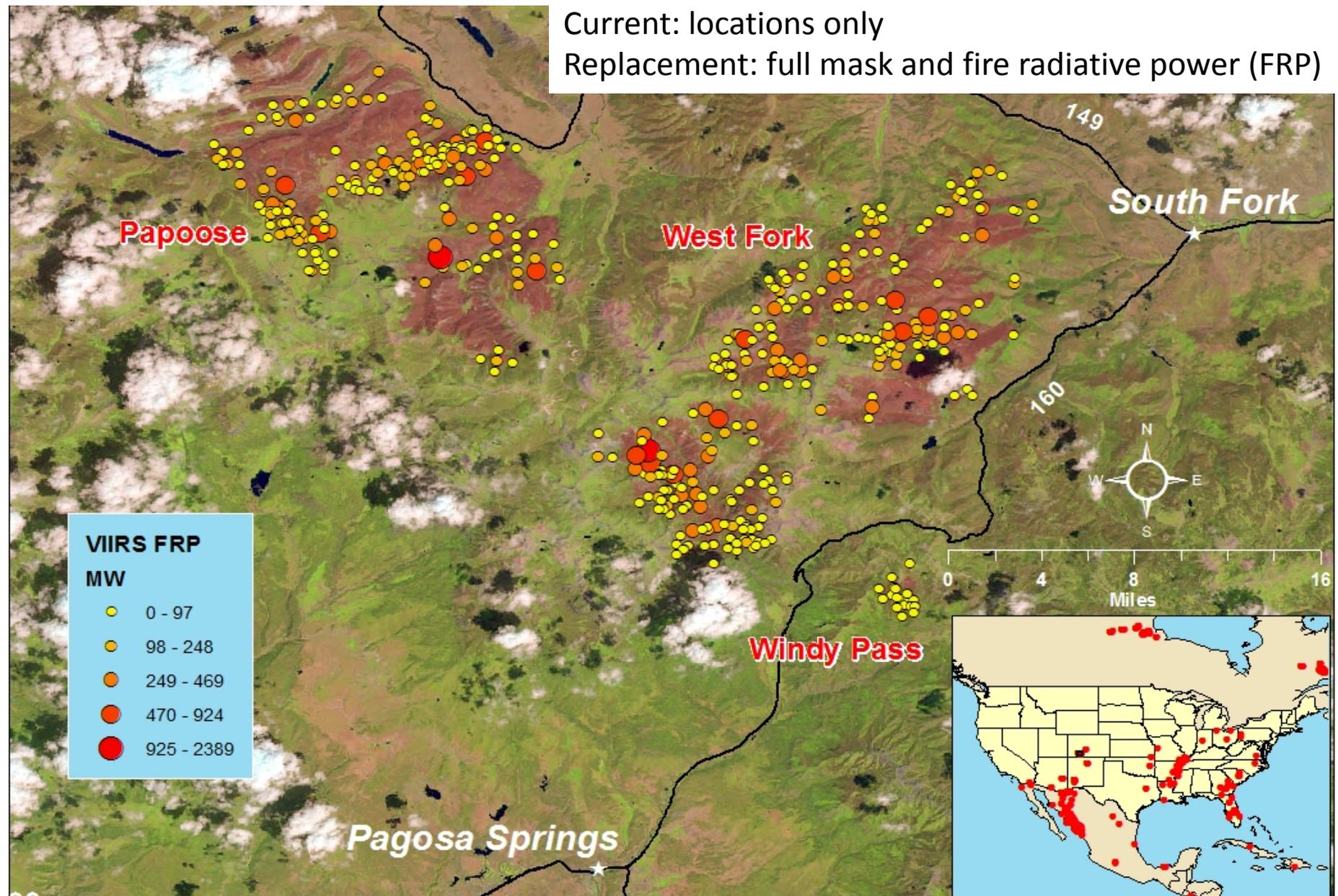
West Fork Complex: 6/14 - 7/4/2013

Landsat-8 background: July 31, 2013

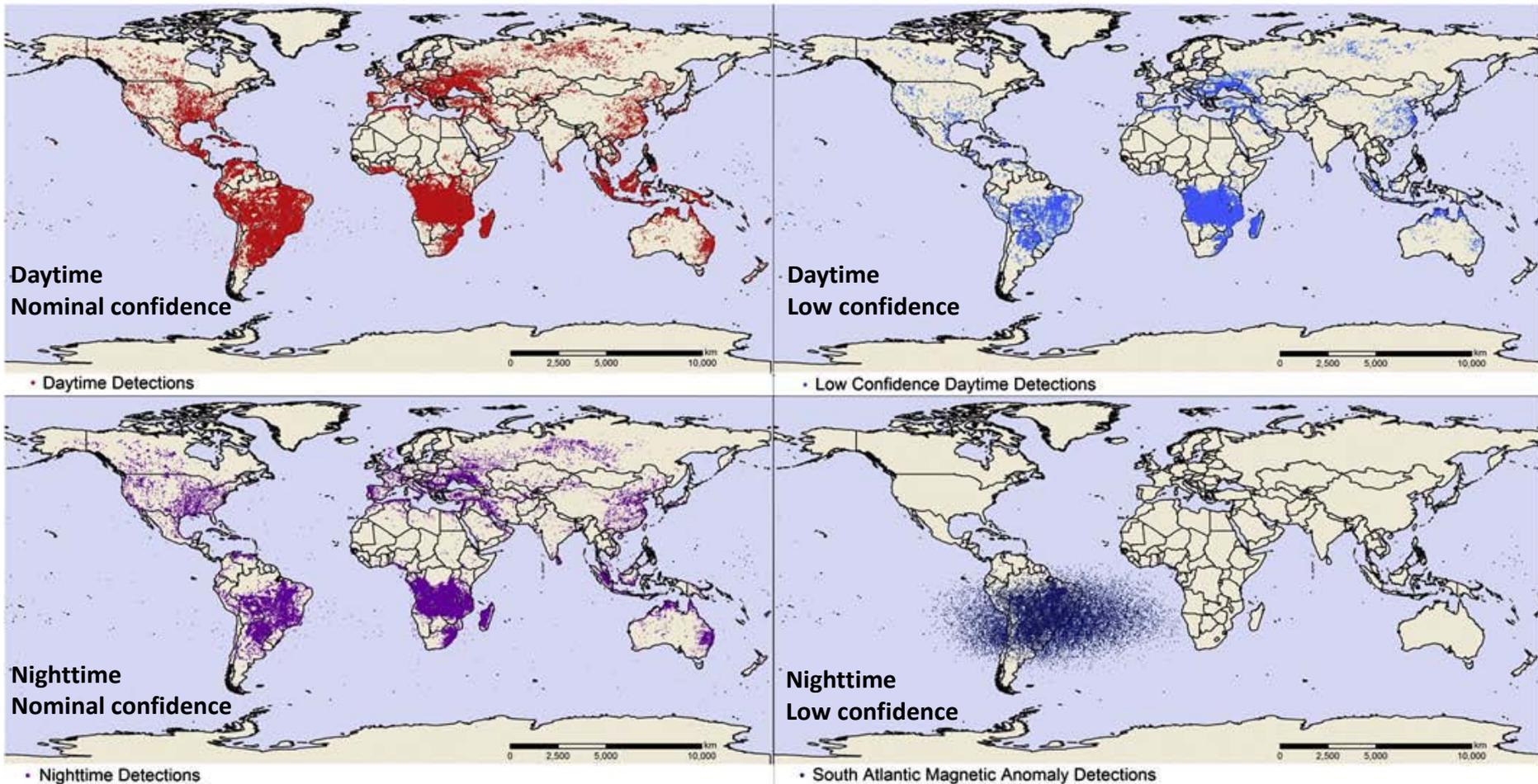
# New MODIS-compatible Active Fire product

Current: locations only

Replacement: full mask and fire radiative power (FRP)



# Global fires from VIIRS I-band data

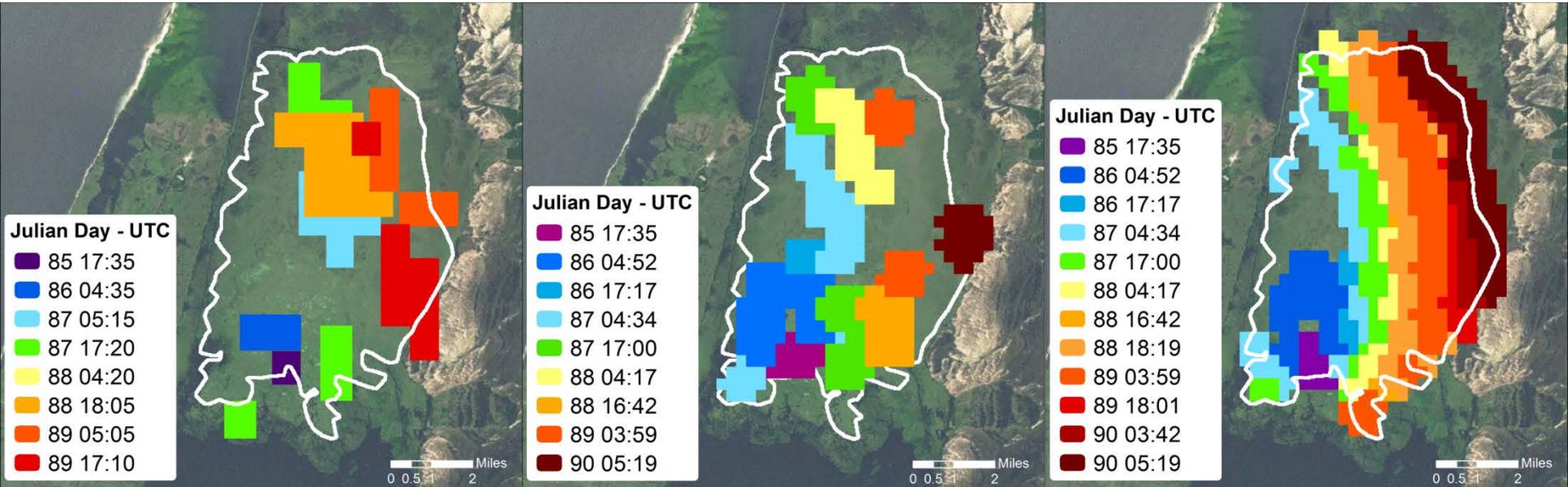


VIIRS 375 m fire algorithm output showing the accumulated daytime nominal confidence fire pixels (upper left), low confidence daytime pixels (upper right), nighttime fire pixels (purple; lower left), and SAMA-related low confidence nighttime pixels (dark blue; lower right) during 1–30 August 2013.

Wilfrid Schroeder, Patricia Oliva, Louis Giglio, Ivan A. Csiszar, The New VIIRS 375 m active fire detection data product: Algorithm description and initial assessment, Remote Sensing of Environment, Volume 143, 5 March 2014, Pages 85-96, ISSN 0034-4257, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2013.12.008>.

# Improved Satellite Mapping of Active Fires Achieved Using VIIRS I-bands

Wildfire in southern Brazil, March/2013



Aqua/MODIS 1 km

Spotty detection pixels and coverage gap at low latitudes

S-NPP/VIIRS 750 m

Spotty detection pixels

S-NPP/VIIRS 375 m

Improved fire line mapping

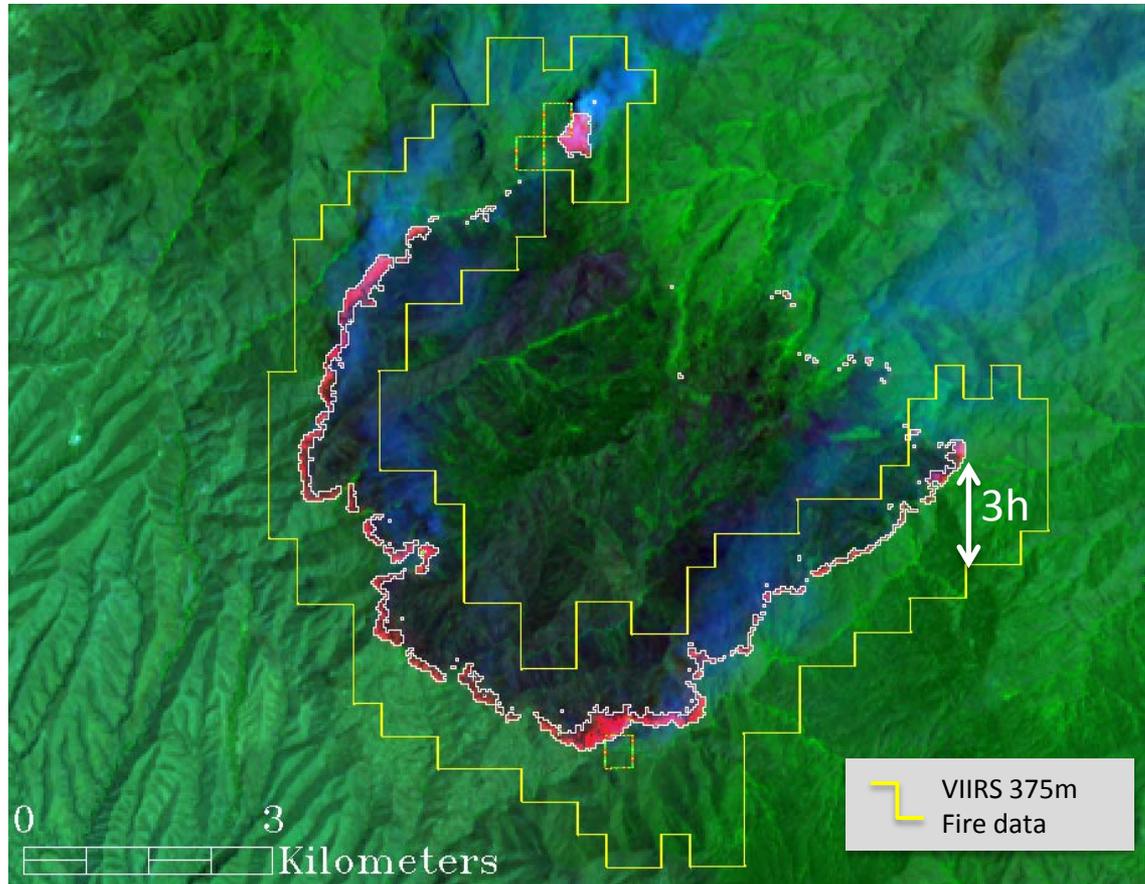
# Global Observation of Forest and Land Cover Dynamics Fire Implementation Team Meeting



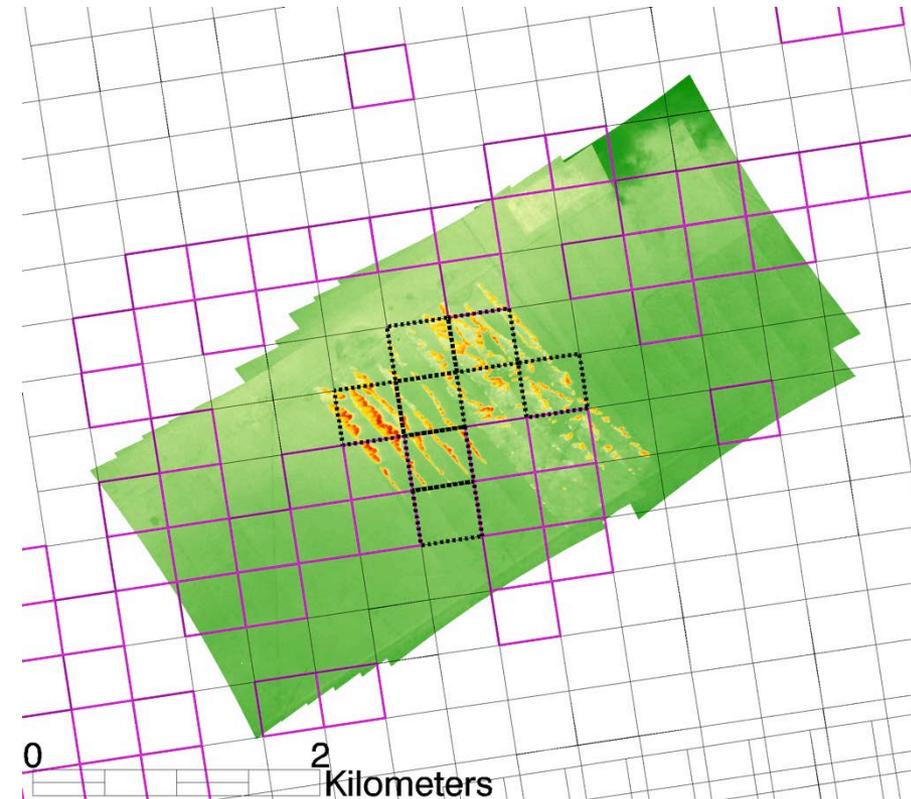
*NOAA Center for Weather and Climate Prediction, College Park, MD, July 29-31 2014*<sup>15</sup>

# New Landsat-8 30 m Active Fire Data

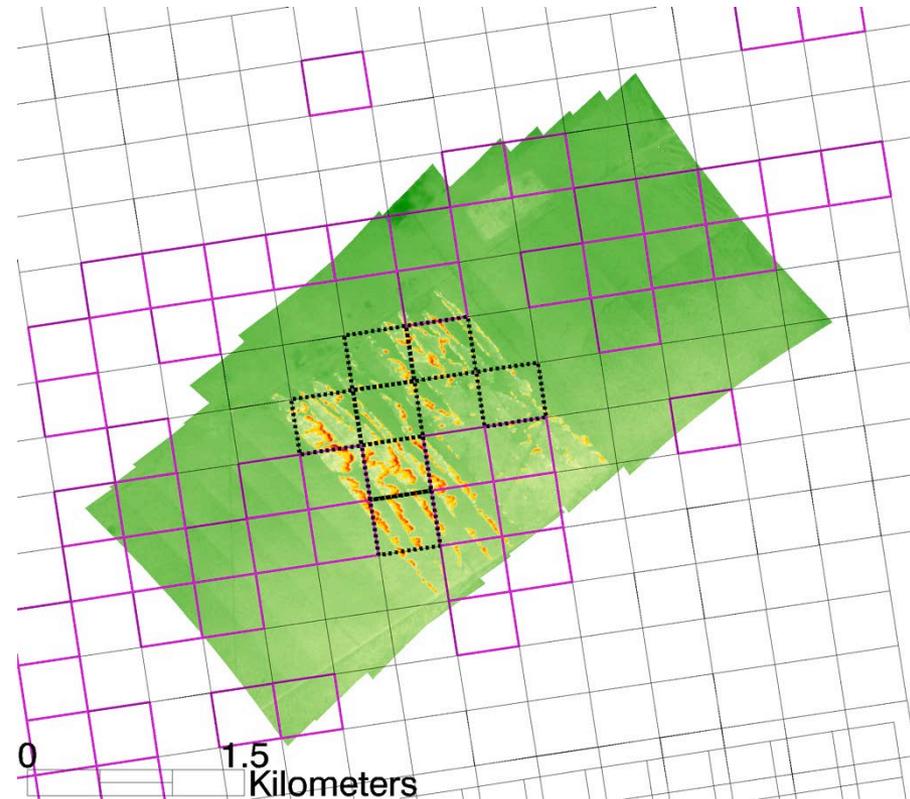
Built on proven ASTER/Landsat (5&7) fire algorithms [Giglio *et al.*, 2008; Schroeder *et al.*, 2008]  
Day & nighttime detections 16/8-day revisit (day/&night)  
Spatial resolution providing detailed fire perimeter information (plus area estimate)



## Grassland fire 04 Nov 2012 (~35ha flaming/smoldering; 158MW)



VIIRS 18:59:54 UTC  
WASP 18:58:55-18:59:43 UTC



VIIRS 18:59:54 UTC  
WASP 19:03:05-19:03:44 UTC

-  Cloud pixel
-  Fire pixel
-  Land pixel



# For more information



- NOAA JPSS

<http://www.jpss.noaa.gov/>

- NOAA STAR JPSS

<http://www.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/jpss/>

- NASA VIIRS Land

<http://viirsland.gsfc.nasa.gov/>

- VIIRS Fire Evaluation and Data Portal

<http://viirsfire.geog.umd.edu>

- STAR JPSS 2014 Annual Science Team Meeting

[http://www.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/star/meeting\\_2014JPSSAnnual\\_agenda.php](http://www.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/star/meeting_2014JPSSAnnual_agenda.php)

- JGR-Atmospheres Special Issue Papers

**34 papers have been published in AGU Journal Geophysical Research Special Issue on Suomi NPP satellite calibration, validation and applications.**

***Guest Editor: Fuzhong Weng***



JOURNAL OF GEOPHYSICAL RESEARCH SPECIAL ISSUE OF THE

**Suomi National Polar-Orbiting Partnership Satellite Calibration, Validation and Applications**

*Ushering in a New Era of Satellite Remote Sensing to Benefit Society*

NPP JPSS

# Summary and Conclusions

- S-NPP VIIRS land IDPS and NOAA-Unique NDE development and evaluation is progressing well
- Development of data products not in the suite of operational NOAA products (i.e. IDPS or NDE)
  - NOAA JPSS Proving Ground and Risk Reduction
  - NASA SNPP Science Team – transitioning to production mode
- Teams are continuing the development of improved and additional products
- Development and operational implementation of products to meet new Level 1 requirements
  - Top-of-canopy vegetation index
  - Full active fire mask and fire radiative power